

TSUBAKIMOTO CHAIN CO. ANNUAL REPORT 2005





### **Our Mission**

We will provide the best value to customers around the world by capitalizing on our technical strengths in power transmission products and materials handling systems.

### Our Vision

We aim to be a leading company in the global markets for our products.

### **Our Values**

- We will contribute to society through the pursuit of customer satisfaction.
- We value the creativity of employees and eagerly accept the challenges posed by new fields of business.
- We will conduct our business in an open, transparent manner and work for the benefit of our shareholders.
- We will make decisions and take action promptly.
- We will strengthen the competitiveness of Tsubakimoto Chain Group companies.

# **EXCELLENCE IN MANUFACTURING FOR**



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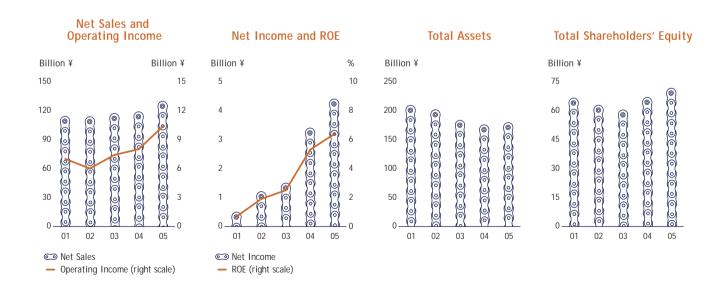
### **Financial Highlights**

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries Years Ended March 31

	Millio	ns of Yen	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2005
Net sales	¥129,563	¥119,141	\$1,207,258
Operating income	10,448	7,951	97,354
Net income	4,449	3,385	41,455
Per share (yen and dollars):			
Net income	¥22.77	¥17.40	\$0.212
Cash dividends	7.00	6.00	0.07
Total assets	¥179,263	¥175,432	\$1,670,360
Total shareholders' equity	71,634	66,873	667,480

Note: The U.S. dollar amounts in this annual report have been calculated from yen amounts, for convenience only, at the exchange rate of ¥107.32 to \$1, the approximate exchange rate at March 31, 2005.

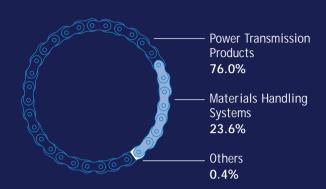
# **CUSTOMERS AROUND THE WORLD**



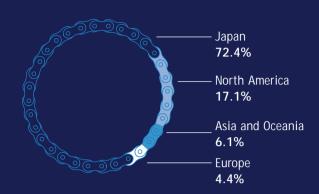
### Tsubakimoto Chain at a Glance

### SHARE OF NET SALES





### By Region



\* The Company has two official business segments - power transmission products and materials handling systems. Below, however, for the convenience of the reader, the power transmission products segment has been divided into the chain, automotive parts, and power transmission units and components segments.

### **CHAIN OPERATIONS**\*



# **AUTOMOTIVE PARTS**



Tsubakimoto Chain, the world leader in high-end chain functionality and quality, supplies chains that are used in a wide range of industries. Tsubakimoto Chain's mainstay Kyotanabe Plant is an advanced chain manufacturing base that boasts world-class facilities and productivity.

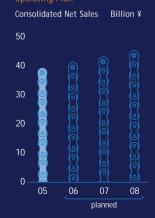
### **Drive Chains**

- RS Roller Chain
- Lambda® Roller Chain
- Low Noise Roller Chain
- High-Tech Corrosion-Resistant Chain

### **Conveyor Chains**

- Conveyor Chain
- Attachment Chain
- Top Chain (steel, plastic)
- Free-Flow Chain
- Module Conveyor Belt **Cable and Hose Protection** and Guidance Products
- Steel Cableveyor
- Plastic Cableveyor

# **Chain Operations**



# **OPERATIONS**\*

Tsubakimoto Chain is a system supplier that provides the world's automakers with timing chain drive systems, which are key engine components. With our complete technical development and quality control systems, we meet the needs of automakers for high quality.

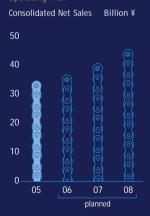
### **Automotive Timing Drive Systems**

- Timing Chain (Roller Chain, Silent Chain)
- Tensioner
- Lever Guide Sprocket
- Timing Belt Pulley
- Auto Tensioner

### **General Industrial Timing Belts**

- JIS Timing Belt
- Ultra PX Belt
- Urethane Timing Belt
- Long Belt
- Flexible 530 Belt
- Pulley Lock Pulley

# **Automotive Parts Operations**



# MARKET POSITION

**Steel Chains** 

Timing Chains



Global

31%



Japan 73%

Drawing on the strengths of its portfolio of conveyance, storage,

and picking systems for customers in the distribution, manu-

facturing, newspaper, pharmaceutical, and other industries,

Tsubakimoto Chain has built a solid market position through the

provision of innovative solutions to customer challenges.

# POWER TRANSMISSION **UNITS AND COMPONENTS**



MATERIALS HANDLING **SYSTEMS OPERATIONS\*** 



Subsidiary Tsubaki Emerson provides customers that require precision and high-speed operation with a wide range of power transmission equipment, bolstering the comprehensive strength of the Tsubakimoto Chain Group.

### **Reducers and Variable Speed Drives**

**OPERATIONS**\*

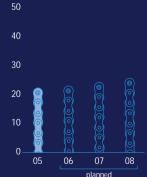
- Gear Motor Hypoid Motor
- Croise Motor Emerworm
- Helical Power Drive
- Troi Drive
- DISCO Variable Speed Drive **Motion Control Units**
- Power Cylinder
- Lini Power Jack
- Shock Damper

# **Torque Limiters**

- Power Lock
- Flexible Coupling
- Rigid Coupling
- Cam Clutch
- Torque Limiter Torq Guard
- Shock Relay Shock Monitor

### **Power Transmission Units and Components Operations**Operating Plan

Consolidated Net Sales Billion ¥



• Autran • Autran Vanguard • AGV • ADS (Auto Dolly Super)

• Linisort • Navisort • Mailsort

• Fashionsort • Multi-Sorter

• Free Curve • New Traverser

Hybrid Traverser

**Sorting Systems** 

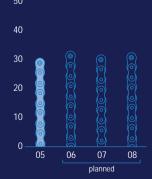
• *Minomi* Conveyor System **Storage and Picking Systems** 

- Pack-U-Veyor Power Column
- · Labo Stocker · Space Freezer

- Factory Automation (FA) Systems
- Bulk Handling Systems
- Scrap Metal Conveyance and Coolant Processing Equipment
- Equipment Monitoring Systems
- Maintenance Service

### **Materials Handling Systems Operations**

Consolidated Net Sales Billion ¥



### A Message from the Management



# Tsubakimoto Chain Targeting Growth in Markets around the World

**Takashi Fukunaga** *Chairman and Representative Director*  **Tatsuhiko Mimoto** *President and Representative Director* 

The fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, which marked a transition for Tsubakimoto Chain from an emphasis on "streamlining and balance" to an emphasis on "growth and expansion," was the third consecutive year of increased sales and profits for the Company. In the future, in accordance with the new management structure that we initiated on June 29, 2005, we will target growth in markets around the world.

### Transition to a New Management Structure

To begin with, we would like to inform our shareholders and other investors that we have moved to a new management structure.

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group has strengthened its foundation by restructuring its operations. On that basis, we have made a major shift from an emphasis on "streamlining and balance" to an emphasis on "growth and expansion." To achieve continued growth in the future, we must further strengthen our development in global markets. Accordingly, from the viewpoint of shifting to the next generation of capable leaders with strong global outlooks, at the board of directors' meeting held after the shareholders' meeting on June 29, 2005, we implemented a system where Takashi Fukunaga, as chairman and representative director, will share supervisory responsibility for general management duties with president and representative director Tatsuhiko Mimoto, who will also have principal responsibility for operational execution.

Under the new structure, we will continue endeavoring to achieve further growth in accordance with our fundamental *Global Best* strategy, through which we strive to optimize each area of the Group's operations. We would like to ask for your continued support as we take on the challenges that lie ahead.

### **Performance**

In the fiscal year ended March 2005, Tsubakimoto Chain recorded increases in sales and profits, with consolidated net sales reaching ¥129.6 billion, operating income ¥10.4 billion, and net income ¥4.4 billion. Although our performance was supported by a favorable operating environment, more important factors were the successful implementation of our fundamental *Global Best* strategy and the transition to a growth phase by Group companies, which were backed up by the solid operating structure that we have built through a range of initiatives. In addition, we did our utmost to respond to pressures on profitability, such as the rising cost of steel and other raw materials and the appreciation of the yen, by raising our productivity and adjusting our prices.

By business segment, in power transmission products, chains, automotive parts, and power transmission units and components all recorded higher sales and profits. In particular, with an increase in orders and notable results from past investments, such as the Kyotanabe Plant, chains registered a substantial rise in profits.

In materials handling systems, we recorded increased sales on account of higher orders, due in part to the receipt of large orders from the automotive, machine tools, and distribution industries. However, operating profitability was down because of pressure on prices in conveyance systems for the automotive industry and to a decline in capital investment in the newspaper industry.







### **Progress in Tackling Management Challenges**

Next, we will report on the progress the Group has made in shifting to a course of growth and expansion.

We have made steady progress in implementing our fundamental *Global Best* strategy. In the year under review, we took a major step forward in building our infrastructure in China with the establishment of four companies there – a chain sales company, an automotive parts production company, a power transmission units and components production company, and a materials handling systems engineering company.

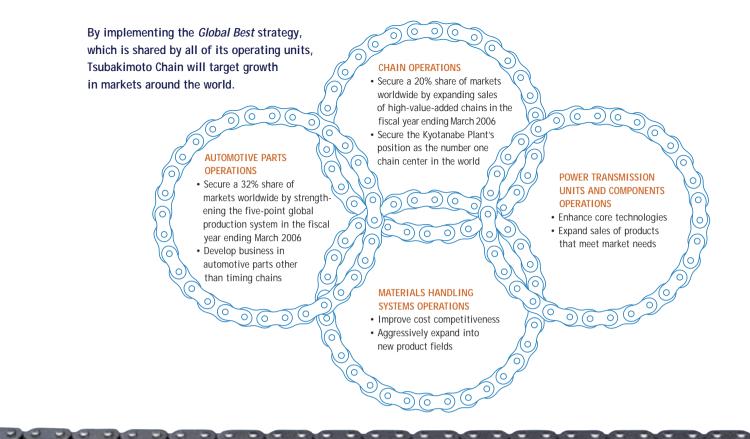
In automotive parts, the production base that we established in Shanghai has begun to supply products to Japanese automakers in China. As a result, we have completed a five-point production system for timing chain drive systems, with our new base in China joining bases in Japan, North America, Europe, and Southeast Asia. With our reinforced global production and supply system for automotive parts, we have achieved a 31% share of the global market for timing chains.

Other key challenges for the Group include bolstering production capacity and reducing inventories. At the Kyotanabe Plant, we have made further progress toward the creation of a highly efficient production system with the introduction of the cell manufacturing method to all 76 assembly lines in the year under review.

We also improved our financial position in the year under review through the introduction of a cash management system and other initiatives. We made steady progress with bolstering our financial position, reducing interest-bearing debt at year-end by ¥6.9 billion from a year earlier.







### **Medium-Term Management Plan**

In preparation for the implementation of our new management system, we formulated a medium-term management plan – STEP 07 – that will cover the three-year period from April 2005 to March 2008.

The foundation of this plan will be our *Global Best* strategy, which has the "three G" key words – global operational development, bolstered Group management, and transition to a course of growth. The plan's objectives include boosting our marketing capabilities, product strengths, human resources and systems, and financial position. The plan's numerical targets call for record high operating income in the fiscal year ending March 2006 followed by record high operating, ordinary, and net income in the fiscal year ending March 2007.

Next, we will describe our specific development policies.

In the year under review, we began to build the *Global Best* organization, a process that is centered on the clarification of operational categories and decision-making processes. At the end of June 2005, we assigned *Global Best* promotion supervisors to each department in order to advance the adoption of *Global Best* and to strengthen operational functionality.

Looking at operational strategies, in chain operations we have already built a dominant competitive position in the domestic market, and the key to further growth is our progress in overseas markets. Accordingly, we will work to increase orders by further enhancing the functionality and quality of the high-value-added chains in which we boast a competitive edge and by emphasizing the Tsubaki name as a supplier of solutions. We have decided to give special focus to the development of our operations in the European market, where we have a relatively small market presence, and we are moving ahead with sales of local-specification Lambda® BS Roller Chains and strategic alliances. We will work to achieve a 20% share in worldwide markets in the fiscal year ending March 2006 and to continue to increase our share in subsequent years. Moreover, an ongoing objective in chain operations will be to secure the Kyotanabe Plant's position as the number one chain center in the world. We will move ahead with the synchronization of assembly lines, where the introduction of the cell manufacturing method has been completed, with component processing and will work to cut inventories and reduce production lead times. In these ways, we will strive to realize the highest level of productivity in the world.

In automotive parts, our fundamental strategy will be to bolster our five-point global production system for timing chain drive systems. We will enhance differentiation through technical development capabilities, achieve our goal for the current fiscal year of a 32% global market share, and continue to increase market share over the medium term, working in collaboration with OEM supplier Joh. Winklhofer & Söhne GmbH & Co. KG (iwis ketten) to secure a global market share of more than 50%. To reach that goal, we will implement capital investment targeting bolstered production capacity at overseas production bases and increased productivity. We will also strive to improve our consolidated profitability by continuing to work with optimal site procurement and optimal site production. Furthermore, forward-looking measures will include the aggressive development of new automotive parts, targeting areas other than timing chain drive systems, our current mainstay automotive parts.

In power transmission units and components, by enhancing our core technologies, we will further strengthen our marketing capabilities and expand sales. Specifically, we will take steps to implement a sales strategy of matching market needs and product characteristics, such as introducing products that meet specific industry needs in our core product categories, including reducers, couplings, Cam Clutches, and linear actuators. At the same time, we will work to further expand sales by advancing global business, centered on our two production subsidiaries in China.

In materials handling systems, we will reinforce our strong competitive advantage in core fields – automotive, distribution, newspapers, and pharmaceuticals – and expand into new fields, such as process handling. We will also create synergies by integrating the technologies of various Group companies, and we will aggressively develop our operations in global markets, principally North America and China. In addition, increasing our cost competitiveness and enhancing our marketing capabilities have become extremely important issues in materials handling systems operations, and in the current fiscal year we will step up efforts to make progress in these areas.



### To Our Shareholders and Other Investors

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group has successfully taken the first step on a course of growth and expansion. However, for the Group, which is targeting growth in markets around the world, this is only the first step. In the future, in accordance with the *Global Best* strategy, we will bolster the unified strength of the Group and, at the same time, expand corporate value by resolutely establishing a presence in new fields.

To further enhance shareholder-centered management, from the year under review, in addition to the stable dividends that we have paid in the past, we have transitioned to a policy of implementing profit allocation flexibly in consideration of consolidated performance.

We would like to ask our shareholders and other investors for their continued support in the years ahead.

June 2005

Takashi Fukunaga

Chairman and Representative Director

Tatsuhiko Mimoto

President and Representative Director

Since its founding, Tsubakimoto Chain has believed that its technical skills and steady manufacturing have been the source of its growth. This philosophy, which has been continuously transmitted to all employees, is the foundation of the Company's ability to supply high-value-added products in markets around the world.

### **Customer-Oriented, Technology-Driven Manufacturing**

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group handles a wide range of products, including power transmission products, such as roller chains and other chains for general industrial applications, timing chain drive systems for automobile engines, reducers, and motion control units as well as materials handling equipment and systems. All of these products are the result of the diversification and growth that have stemmed from the application of the fundamental chain technologies that the Company has steadily cultivated since it was founded in 1917.

In accordance with our Groupwide mission of "providing best value to customers around the world by capitalizing on our technical strengths in power transmission products and materials handling systems," we have an unwavering customer and technology orientation. We believe that the origin of our competitive, high-value-added products is the steady enhancement of fundamental technologies.

# Tsubakimoto Chain

# A WORLD LEADER IN PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT

# A Complete Development System Focused on Customer Satisfaction

To maximize customer satisfaction, Tsubakimoto Chain has built a complete development system that extends from fundamental technologies to device technologies, products, and applied technologies.

The Company's R&D structure comprises the Development and Technology Center and the R&D departments of each operating division.

The Development and Technology Center takes thorough steps to enhance the fundamental technologies shared by all operating fields, such as materials, processing, evaluation, and tribology technologies, and provides related information to each operating division's R&D department. Moreover, it plays an important role in the development of technologies that are directly linked to new products, such as new anti-corrosion surface processing technologies, new anti-abrasion surface processing technologies, new power transmission technologies for automobiles, and alternate-adsorption, nano-thin-film production equipment. The center also handles



the development of products that transcend segmental boundaries and long-term product and technical development. The Auto Support Department, which was established in the year under review, conducts advance development in anticipation of the needs of automakers, thereby helping them to shorten development times and reduce costs. This department is a major point of differentiation with competitors.

The Development and Technical Center will deepen its coordination with operating divisions in all three functional areas of a manufacturing company – sales, technology, and production – thereby assisting in the enhancement of fundamental technologies and the provision of optimal solutions. The center is also in charge of unified management of intellectual property (IP) for the entire Group and will play an important role in the Group's IP strategy.

Each operating division's R&D department is conducting product development and improvement activities based on the data developed in conjunction with the Development and Technical Center. At the same time, marketing staff members with responsibility for development cultivate close relationships with customers and develop applied technologies for the purpose of optimizing customers' systems.

Tsubakimoto Chain's competitive products are a result of the close cooperation between the Development and Technical Center and the operating divisions' R&D departments.

We believe that the origin of our competitive, high-value-added products is the steady enhancement of fundamental technologies.

# **High-Value-Added Products Provide a Strong Competitive Edge**

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group supplies advanced products that meet customer needs by thoroughly pursuing quality in all areas, from fundamental technologies to evaluation technologies, production technologies, and quality assurance.

Steel chains have only five parts – outer plates, inner plates, pins, bushes, and rollers – but even a small error can make a vital difference in performance. Accordingly, we are working to differentiate ourselves with high quality by thoroughly enhancing fundamental technologies, such as lifespan prediction technologies. However, our superiority in chain operations is not limited to the quality of our products. Another major point of differentiation is the breadth of our lineup of products that can accurately resolve the issues faced by customers in a variety of industries, including information technology, shipbuilding, steel, machine tools, and food products. A further point is our ability to supply advanced solutions.



Bobcat® S300 Skid-Steer Loader, from Bobcat Company, uses Tsubakimoto Chain's Super Roller Chains.



For example, our mainstay Lambda® RS Roller Chains, which not only offer lube-free, long-life operation but also can be used in temperatures ranging from -10°C to 150°C, are an excellent example of how our high-value-added products provide advanced solutions to customer needs. Furthermore, we are responding to growing concern about environmental conservation by expanding the recycling of used plastic chain.

In automotive parts operations, we are the world leader in the simulation and evaluation technologies used to lower timing chain noise, to reduce stretch, to cut friction loss, and to enhance tensioner performance and durability. The products that we develop on the base of these high technical capabilities boast the advanced quality and functionality that meet the rigorous needs of automakers. Also, to respond to demands for advanced engine performance, development activities that are closely linked to, and sometimes ahead of, automakers are indispensable. Tsubakimoto Chain is working to maximize customer satisfaction through close coordination, where engineers with advanced technical and problem-solving capabilities participate in automaker projects from the new engine development stage.



Timing chain drive system components for V6 engines



In power transmission units and components operations, where our products include reducers and variable speed drives, motion control units, couplings, and clutches, several products have garnered top shares of the domestic market, and we have built a solid position. Tsubaki Emerson, with a fundamental development policy of enhancing core products and core technologies, is working to create new markets by developing high-value-added products. Environmentally friendly Power Cylinders, which are used in IT-related equipment, are a good example of those efforts. In the future, by aggressively developing new products, we will work to raise the contribution made to our performance by new products.



Machine tool equipment that uses Tsubaki Emerson's Shock Monitors

To maximize customer satisfaction, Tsubakimoto Chain has built a complete development system that extends from fundamental technologies to device technologies, products, and applied technologies.

In materials handling systems operations, we are concentrating our development resources on our core target fields – the distribution, newspaper, automotive, biotechnology, IT, and food industries – and, with our advanced product functionality, we have established distinctive positions in these markets. A good example is our industry-leading linear motor high-speed sorting systems for the distribution industry, which provide a wide-ranging, accurate response to customers' specific needs, such as the sorting of sundries, food products, apparel, and parcels. We also have a high market share in automotive body paint shop conveyor systems, and in the year under review we bolstered our lineup of these systems with the release of the *Minomi* Conveyor System, which helps automakers to improve the workplace environment and increase productivity. Our work in the automotive industry also involves applying the technologies that we have cultivated in our core fields to development efforts in related fields, such as systems for automotive assembly processes.



Protein incubator

In these ways, Tsubakimoto Chain has established technical superiority in a range of product fields. This competitive edge has been carefully cultivated over many years in a corporate culture that emphasizes the steady enhancement and accumulation of technology.



Returned book sorter

The Kyotanabe Plant is the center of the Company's chain production. Our goal is to make this plant a source of high-value-added chain technology that is used around the world and, in turn, for Tsubakimoto Chain to become the leading chain manufacturer in the global high-end market.



The Kyotanabe Plant

# A Leading-Edge Plant That Is the Result of Our Commitment to Chains

Some believe that the chain business is maturing globally and has little room for growth, and based on this viewpoint many overseas chain manufacturers are refraining from aggressive capital investment and increasing their external procurement. However, Tsubakimoto Chain thinks differently. We believe that, if we can improve our quality and functionality as much as possible and accurately meet the increasingly advanced needs of customers around the world, our business opportunities will continue to expand. Also, to bolster cost competitiveness, there is a trend toward shifting production abroad, such as to China. In chain manufacturing, however, the accumulation of technologies and skills is essential, and we believe that Japan is the best place for us to hone these types of advanced capabilities.

# The Kyotanabe Plant

# THE WORLD'S NUMBER ONE

# The Tsubaki Approach to Manufacturing – The Kyotanabe Plant

The Kyotanabe Plant is the world's largest chain plant, with 99,000 square meters of floor space on a 230,000-square-meter site and leading-edge facilities and systems. We have achieved the highest level of productivity in the world and established unsurpassed development and quality control systems. This complete production and supply system has been highly evaluated by customers around the world, and on several occasions plant tours have resulted in new business for the Company.

Tsubakimoto Chain is targeting a 20% share of worldwide markets for chains for industrial use, and the Kyotanabe Plant is the linchpin of that growth strategy.



Auto guided forklifts

### **Leading the World in Productivity and Quality**

In accordance with the belief that, as a chain manufacturer, we must maximize productivity to build solid positions in worldwide markets, we have increased labor productivity and automated our operations to an extent not achieved by any other chain manufacturer. For example, we have automated operations with the introduction of a range of distribution systems between the component-forming, heat-treatment, and assembly processes, such as auto guided forklifts and automated vertical storage facilities. Also, through the use of Autran Vanguard monorail-type conveyance systems from our Materials Handling Systems Division and automated vertical storage facilities, we have achieved 24-hour unmanned operation at our engineering plastic plant.

Also, the flows of materials and information through our leading-edge production facilities and distribution systems are managed by production control systems developed in-house. We have developed a production and supply system that can rapidly meet market needs.

We began to introduce the cell manufacturing method to our assembly lines in January 2004. Originally, many thought that cell manufacturing was not suitable for chain production processes, which were typical examples of lot manufacturing. Nonetheless, we took on the challenge of disproving that idea, and in the year under review we completed the introduction of cell manufacturing to all 76 assembly lines at the Kyotanabe Plant. In the future, as we synchronize the plant's assembly lines with component processing, the benefits of these efforts will become even clearer as we cut work-in-process inventory and reduce lead times.

Tsubakimoto Chain's points of differentiation extend to more than just productivity. We also believe that we are the world leader in quality. We have been steadily accumulating production and quality control know-how since our founding nearly 90 years ago, and the capabilities that we have cultivated cannot be quickly reproduced by our competitors.



Autran Vanguard, a monorail type conveyance system



The cell manufacturing method has been introduced to all of the Kyotanabe Plant's assembly lines.

# CHAIN PRODUCTION FACILITY

### **A Source of New Technologies**

We believe that because chains are made

from simple components, it is important to cultivate technologies to meet market demand.

The Technical Center at the Kyotanabe Plant was set up based on that belief. Looking 10 to 20 years into the future, we have positioned this center as the source of the technologies and information that will lead our production bases in Japan and overseas. The center is not only a source of new technologies for the entire Group, such as fundamental, evaluation, and production technologies; it is also a base for the transmission of technologies and skills to chain production bases in Japan and abroad.



The Kyotanabe Plant's Technical Center

With our markets seen as mature, the types of efforts that we are making are extremely rare and are solidifying our technical superiority in global markets. The high-value-added products that we develop at the Technical Center are unrivaled in such areas as fatigue strength, abrasion strength, and environment resistance. In the past, we have introduced new versions of our mainstay RS Roller Chains incorporating new technologies about every 10 years, and in the future we will continue to launch new products to maximize customer value.

Our long-term commitment to manufacturing has been highly evaluated by customers in Japan and overseas. And, we see the Kyotanabe Plant as a source of high-value-added chains for markets around the world.

### **Corporate Governance**

We believe that meeting our responsibilities to our stakeholders, including shareholders, society, suppliers, and employees, by increasing management transparency, bolstering risk management, and ensuring the strict observance of laws and regulations is an important factor in the realization of long-term growth. In accordance with that belief, we have established the corporate governance system outlined below.

**Board of Directors** In addition to regular monthly meetings, the board of directors conducts special meetings as needed. The board makes decisions on matters stipulated by law and on important matters related to management and supervises the administrative execution of directors. We reduced the number of directors from 13 to 9 to realize rapid, strategic decision making and appointed an outside director to heighten management transparency.

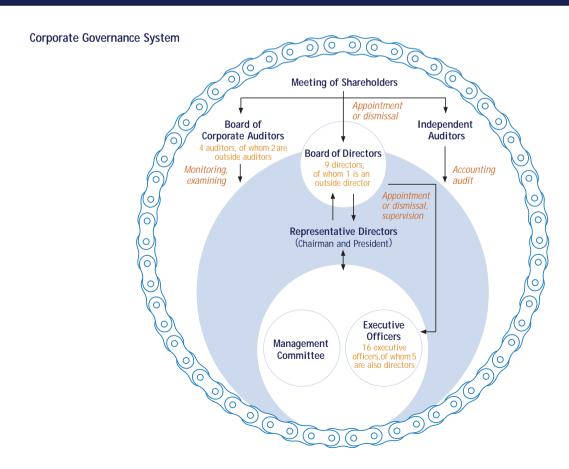
**Board of Corporate Auditors** The Company uses the board of auditors system. With the objective of strengthening the management auditing function with a third-party viewpoint, in June 2005, with the approval of the shareholders' meeting, we increased the number of outside corporate auditors by one, to two. The four corporate auditors attend regular board of directors' meetings and provide opinions as needed, thereby enhancing the auditing function.

**Executive Officer System** To strengthen execution, we introduced the executive officer system, with 16 executive officers, after the shareholders' meeting held in June 2004. With the objective of clarifying authority and responsibility, we have established the titles of senior managing executive officer, managing executive officer, senior executive officers, and executive officer.

**Compliance Center** In April 2004, we established the Compliance Center, and within the center we formed an internal auditing section. We are working to further enhance compliance and risk management in all operational areas and Group companies by identifying and improving administrative inefficiencies.

### **Fundamental Corporate Governance Policy**

# "CREATE VALUE FOR CUSTOMERS AND CONTRIBUTE TO SOCIETY"



### **Environmental Conservation**

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group believes that environmental conservation is one of the most important challenges shared by the people of the world. In all of its operational activities, the Group is working to reflect concern for the environment and to contribute to the creation of a comfortable future.

### **Environmental Measures Promotion System**

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group Environmental Committee, which reports directly to the president, is the core of the Group's environmental management initiatives. The committee is chaired by the managing executive officer who has responsibility for environmental issues and includes the people with environmental responsibility from the Headquarters, plants, and Group companies. The committee strives to resolve the issues faced by each plant and Group company.

### **Environmental Activities**

### Acquisition of ISO 14001

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group continues to expand the number of its work sites that have been certified, and the acquisition of ISO 14001 certification has been completed by 14 work sites in Japan. In the future, we will strive to secure certification at overseas work sites and implement activities utilizing certification.



The Kyotanabe Plant's cogeneration system

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group continues to expand the number of its work sites that have been certified, and the acquisition of ISO 14001 certification has been completed by 14 work sites in Japan.



Recycled plastic chain used in a beverage processing plant



Scrap metal conveyance and coolant system

### Reducing Environmental Burden

We are implementing a range of measures to reduce the environmental burden of our operations. These measures include activities to reduce energy consumption in equivalent electricity units, such as the introduction of cogeneration equipment at the Kyotanabe Plant. Other measures include recycling used plastic, reducing waste generation, and eliminating the use of banned, dangerous substances.

### **Environmentally Friendly Products**

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group has formulated green procurement guidelines and is striving to spread them not only throughout the Group but also to suppliers. We are also using environmentally friendly packaging. In product development, with the key words of reduce, reuse, and recycle, we are developing environmentally friendly products and promoting environmentally friendly design practices.

### **Environment-Related Products**

### Recycled Plastic Chain

The Tsubakimoto Chain Group collects and recycles used plastic chain, such as chain from the food products industry. In this way, we are promoting reduced resource utilization and recycling.

### Products for Environment-Related Businesses

Our environment-related conveyors are contributing to environmental improvement. These products include conveyance equipment for ash from garbage incinerators, industrial waste, and sludge as well as scrap metal conveyance equipment for metal processing sites and coolant processing equipment.

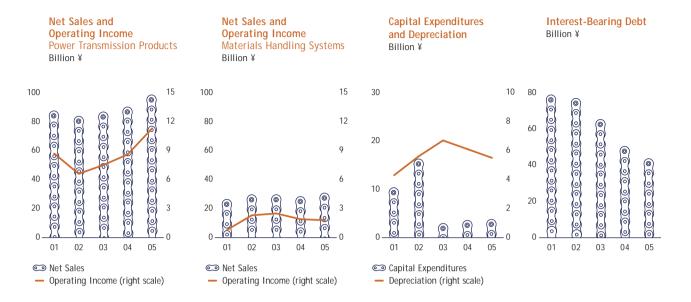
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# FINANCIAL SECTION



### **Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries**

Years Ended March 31



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

# **Summary of Business Segment Information**

Years Ended March 31

			Millio	ns of Yen			
	20	05	20	004	20	03	% change
NET SALES TO CUSTOMERS:							
Power Transmission Products:							
Domestic Sales	¥ 63,012	(64.0)	¥ 57,127	(63.4)	¥ 54,244	(62.5)	+10.3
Overseas Sales	35,392	(36.0)	32,954	(36.6)	32,530	(37.5)	+7.4
Total	98,404	(100.0)	90,081	(100.0)	86,774	(100.0)	+9.2
Materials Handling Systems:							
Domestic Sales	23,638	(77.3)	21,867	(76.9)	22,605	(76.8)	+8.1
Overseas Sales	6,953	(22.7)	6,559	(23.1)	6,847	(23.2)	+6.0
Total	30,591	(100.0)	28,426	(100.0)	29,452	(100.0)	+7.6
Others	568		634		444		-10.4
TOTAL	¥129,563		¥119,141		¥116,670		+8.7
OPERATING INCOME:							
Power Transmission Products	¥ 11,263		¥ 8,630		¥ 7,526		+30.5
Materials Handling Systems	1,800		1,882		2,463		-4.4
Others	101		84		13		+20.2
Corporate and eliminations	(2,716)	)	(2,645)		(2,651)		_
TOTAL	¥ 10,448		¥ 7,951		¥ 7,351		+31.4

### **Review of Operations**

### POWER TRANSMISSION PRODUCTS

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, with support from favorable capital investment in Japan and economic conditions in Asia, we recorded higher sales of chains, automotive parts, and power transmission units and components. As a result, sales of power transmission products rose 9.2%, to ¥98.4 billion. Each operational category also recorded higher profits, and operating income was up 30.5%, to ¥11.3 billion. On the other hand, conditions in North America remained challenging.

### Chains

In chain operations, our high-value-added chains, such as steel chains for applications that require high durability and precision and plastic chains, offer world-leading quality and functionality.

In the year under review, private-sector capital investment in Japan improved in a wide range of industries, such as machine tools, shipbuilding, steel, and IT, and our operating environment was generally favorable. Especially strong sales growth was recorded by chains for the machine tools industry and lube-free, long-life Lambda® RS Roller Chains. Outside Japan, conditions were generally favorable in Asia and other regions. In North America, the high quality of Tsubakimoto Chain Group products is recognized; we received large orders from the construction machinery industry, and we expect further business from this industry in the future.

In North America, U.S. Tsubaki, Inc., was slow to recover lost orders, and increased prices for steel and other materials and the appreciation of the yen put pressure on profitability. However, in Japan we worked to offset the effects of higher steel costs by adjusting our prices and raising productivity, and we increased production at the Kyotanabe Plant. Overall, chain operations recorded higher profits. Subsidiaries, including Tsubakimoto Custom Chain Co., Tsubakimoto Machinery Co., and Tsubakimoto Europe B.V., made significant contributions to performance.

At the Kyotanabe Plant, which is our chief plant for industrial-use chains, in the year under review we introduced the cell manufacturing method to all 76 assembly lines. Through the synchronization of the assembly lines with component processing, we expect dramatic increases in productivity and reductions in inventories.

### **Automotive Parts**

In the supply of timing chain drive systems and components, the Tsubakimoto Chain Group is a world leader as a result of the functionality and quality of its products as well as its complete system for backing up the rapid product development efforts of automakers.

In the year under review, with Japanese automakers rapidly increasing production overseas, Tsubakimoto Automotive (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., which we established in China in April 2004, began to supply products to Japanese automakers. With the addition of China to our Saitama Plant, in Japan, U.S. Tsubaki, in North America, Tsubakimoto Europe, in Europe, and Tsubakimoto Automotive (Thailand) Co., Ltd., in Thailand, we completed our five-point production system for timing chain drive systems, and we worked to bolster our production system at each of these sites. In the year under review, we supplied parts for the new engines of Japanese automakers and other major automakers around the world, and for the second consecutive year sales were a record high.

We also registered record high profits on a consolidated basis, but improving profitability at the four production sites outside of Japan was challenging. In response to this issue, we will bolster our efforts in construction equipment and improve production efficiency.

### **Power Transmission Units and Components**

In power transmission units and components, Tsubaki Emerson Co. recorded higher sales of such products as reducers and linear actuators to the domestic machine tools, LCD-related equipment, and injection molding equipment industries, and sales of power transmission units and components recorded double-digit growth. We also achieved higher profits in all business units – reducers, motion control units, and clutches. The merger of Tsubakimoto Chain's power transmission units

and components operations and Tsubakimoto Emerson Co., Ltd., resulted in cost reductions and significant profit growth. Group companies, such as Tsubakimoto Sprocket Co. and Tsubaki Emerson Gear (Tianjin) Co., Ltd., also recorded higher sales and profits. Overseas, we were on track with clutch knockdown production in Europe and recorded favorable sales growth. In North America, we worked to rationalize our sprocket production and supply systems.

### MATERIALS HANDLING SYSTEMS

In the year under review, solid results from a consolidated subsidiary offset a sluggish performance by parent company Tsubakimoto Chain, and sales rose 7.6%, to ¥30.6 billion. Achieving a profit in products for the automotive industry was challenging, and operating income was down 4.3%, to ¥1.8 billion.

In materials handling systems, Tsubakimoto Chain's core fields are the automotive, distribution, pharmaceutical, and newspaper industries. By concentrating our investment of resources on these fields, we have built solid market positions. In particular, our linear motor high-speed sorting systems for the distribution industry have garnered the top share of the domestic market, and our automotive body paint shop conveyor systems have also been highly evaluated. We have implemented fundamental restructuring measures in this business segment, and we are now building a flexible profit structure that can respond to changing trends in orders.

In the year under review, automatic roll paper feeding systems for the newspaper industry, one of our strengths, faced difficult conditions due to a decline in capital investment in that industry. However, we received large orders for high-speed automatic sorting systems for the distribution industry, for body paint shop conveyor systems for the automotive industry, and for book distribution products. In addition, contributions were made by chip conveyor systems for the machine tools industry and bulk conveyance systems for such materials as grain and feed. Sales increased on a consolidated basis.

A decline in orders from the newspaper industry and pressure on profits with products for the automotive industry resulted in lower operating income on both a consolidated basis and a nonconsolidated basis.

### **Financial Review**

In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, the Tsubakimoto Chain Group recorded increased sales and profits for the third consecutive year. In addition to external factors, such as favorable economic conditions in Asia and robust capital investment in Japan, these results were also attributable to the Group's efforts to improve profitability with cost reductions and other measures and to reinforce the Company's financial position with reductions in interest-bearing debt.

### **Operating Environment**

In the year under review, the Tsubakimoto Chain Group's operating environment was marked by strong exports and a high level of capital investment in a wide range of industries, such as the domestic automotive, machine tools, and IT industries. On the other hand, raw materials prices rose and there was cause for concern about the future course of the U.S. economy.

### **Income and Expenses**

In the year under review, we recorded increases in net sales and profits for the third consecutive year.

Higher sales were recorded by chain, automotive parts, and power transmission units and components operations in the power transmission products business segment and by the materials handling systems business segment, and consolidated net sales increased 8.7%, to ¥129.6 billion.

The cost of sales rose 8.2%, to ¥94.6 billion. Higher raw materials costs and unprofitable orders in materials handling systems were offset by Groupwide price adjustments, and the cost of sales ratio declined 0.4 percentage points, to 73.0%. Gross profit was up 10.3%, to ¥34.9 billion.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses rose 3.3%, to ¥24.5 billion, but due to the success of measures to improve productivity the ratio of SG&A expenses to net sales declined 1.0 percentage points, to 18.9%.

Operating income was up 31.4%, to ¥10.4 billion, while the operating margin rose 1.4 percentage points, to 8.1%.

In other income and expenses, fund efficiency was improved through the introduction of a cash management system, and interest-bearing debt was reduced. As a result, interest expense decreased to \(\xi\)1.2 billion, from \(\xi\)1.4 billion in the fiscal year ended March 2004. In the previous year,

extraordinary profit was recorded from the transition from a tax qualified pension plan to a defined contribution pension plan, but in the year under review there were no major extraordinary items. As a result, net extraordinary loss in the year under review was ¥0.3 billion, compared with net extraordinary profit of ¥0.3 billion in the previous year.

Income before income taxes and minority interests grew 31.5%, to \$8.6 billion, and net income was up 31.5%, to \$4.4 billion. The net margin was up to 3.4%, from 2.8% in the previous year.

Net income per share was up from \$17.40 to \$22.77, and return on equity (ROE) increased from 5.3% to 6.4%.

### **Cash Flows**

Net cash provided by operating activities rose \$1.7 billion, to \$9.7 billion, due primarily to increases in income before income taxes and minority interests and trade notes and accounts payable. Depreciation was \$5.5 billion, compared with \$6.1 billion in the previous year.

Net cash used in investing activities was ¥2.5 billion, compared with net cash provided by investing activities of ¥9.1 billion in the previous year. Declines were recorded in payments for purchase of investments in securities and payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment. On the other hand, a decline was also recorded in proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment.

Net cash used in financing activities for the year under review was ¥9.4 billion, compared with ¥15.5 billion in the previous year. We worked to reduce interest-bearing debt through continued repayment of loans from financial institutions and redemption of bonds.

Cash and cash equivalents at fiscal year-end were down \$2.1 billion, to \$11.6 billion.

### **Financial Position**

Total assets at year-end were up ¥3.8 billion, to ¥179.3 billion.

Trade notes and accounts receivable increased due to higher sales, and as a result total current assets rose ¥2.4 billion, to ¥72.1 billion.

Mainly due to the gain on valuation of investment in securities, investments and other assets increased ¥2.4 billion, to ¥31.7 billion.

Total current liabilities rose ¥5.4 billion, to ¥53.8 billion, due to higher trade notes and accounts payable and to higher short-term bank loans. The current ratio was 1.34, compared with 1.44 at the previous year-end. We continued to repay interest-bearing debt, which was down ¥6.9 billion at year-end, to ¥43.4 billion.

Total debt decreased ¥1.5 billion from the previous yearend, to ¥103.7 billion.

Total shareholders' equity climbed ¥4.8 billion, to ¥71.6 billion, due primarily to an increase in net unrealized holding gains on securities resulting from favorable stock market conditions and to an increase in net income in the year under review. As a result, the equity ratio rose to 40.0%, from 38.1%.

### **Dividend Policy**

Tsubakimoto Chain considers the provision of a return to shareholders to be one of its most important management issues. The Company's policy has been to provide stable dividend payments. However, from the year under review, in addition to the stable dividends, the Company will use a dividend policy that also gives consideration to consolidated performance. In accordance with that policy, the Company raised the year-end dividend by ¥1.00 per share, to ¥4.00, which, combined with the interim dividend, resulted in an annual dividend of ¥7.00 per share.

### **Operating Risks**

As of June 30, 2005, the matters that could affect the judgment of investors include those outlined below.

- (1) The Tsubakimoto Chain Group, which is conducting aggressive global development, works to reduce the influence of foreign exchange rate fluctuations to a minimal level by using foreign exchange forward agreements distributed among the time an order is received, the time the sale is recorded, and the time payment is received in the foreign currency. However, short-term, dramatic fluctuations in exchange rates could affect management performance.
- (2) In chains for general industrial applications, accompanying the marketing in Japan of chains made in China, the Group may face price competition in the market for low-value-added products. Also, in materials handling systems, where competition for orders is intense, it may not be possible for the Company to avoid low-profitability orders, which could affect management performance.
- (3) The Tsubakimoto Chain Group supplies parts for engines, such as timing chains and tensioners, to automakers in Japan and overseas. In the unlikely event of a natural disaster or man-made disaster at the Saitama Plant, the Company's main production base in Japan, it is possible that the Group would be unable to provide a stable supply of products to automakers. In response to this type of risk, the Group has developed countermeasures, such as supplying products from an overseas production base in place of output from the Saitama Plant.
- (4) Accompanying the global economic recovery, the price of steel has increased markedly, and the Group has been unable to avoid rising prices for the raw materials for its products and demand-supply pressure. In response to these cost increases, the Group is working to reduce the cost of sales by enhancing productivity and to revise selling prices. However, in the event that the price of steel continues to rise for a long period, the Group may be unable to offset the increased costs, and management performance could be affected.
- (5) To expand sales in the Chinese market, which continues to grow, the Tsubakimoto Chain Group is accelerating operational expansion in China. However, due to political and economic factors in China, there is the possibility of temporary disorder or stagnation in the economy. In that event, certain operational problems may arise, such as delays in the production of the Group's products and difficulties in procuring parts or operating plants, and management performance could be affected.

# **Eleven-Year Financial Summary**

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries Years Ended March 31

	2005	2004	2003	2002	
Net sales	¥129,563	¥119,141	¥116,670	¥113,741	
Operating income	10,448	7,951	7,351	6,038	
Income (loss) before income taxes and minority interests	8,598	6,537	2,800	2,661	
Net income (loss) – Basic	4,449	3,385	1,531	1,202	
- Diluted	. <u> </u>	_	_	_	
Net income (loss) per share (yen and dollars)	¥22.77	¥17.40	¥7.92	¥6.27	
Interest expense:					
Net	¥ 1,161	¥ 1,363	¥ 1,636	¥ 1,585	
Gross: Interest received	. 34	68	103	223	
Interest paid	1,195	1,431	1,739	1,808	
Capital expenditures	3,698	3,506	2,942	16,194	
Depreciation	5,504	6,083	6,736	5,611	
Total current assets	72,125	69,735	83,074	90,750	
Total current liabilities	53,801	48,395	52,062	58,125	
Property, plant and equipment, net	75,394	76,307	80,416	85,381	
Total noncurrent liabilities	49,850	56,758	67,638	77,676	
Total assets	179,263	175,432	183,260	201,555	
Common stock	17,077	17,077	17,077	17,077	
Retained earnings	39,344	36,199	33,975	33,500	
Total shareholders' equity	71,634	66,873	60,307	62,674	
Equity ratio (%)	40.0	38.1	32.9	31.1	
Return on equity (%)	6.4	5.3	2.5	1.9	
Debt-to-equity ratio (times)	0.61	0.75	1.08	1.22	
Net cash provided by operating activities	¥ 9,673	¥ 7,995	¥ 12,020	¥ 7,709	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		9,068	(3,014)	(10,718)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(15,538)	(14,216)	(4,243)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		13,681	12,417	17,679	
Number of shares outstanding at year-end (thousands)	191,406	191,406	191,406	191,406	
Number of employees	4,765	4,709	4,871	4,916	

Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)				Data	Yen Except Per Share	Millions of		
2005	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	
\$1,207,258	¥101,670	¥110,424	¥127,231	¥128,298	¥110,919	¥106,281	¥114,206	
97,354	234	4,329	6,374	6,435	2,358	2,705	6,962	
80,116	179	3,649	5,931	5,508	(1,018)	2,725	226	
41,455	(634)	1,796	3,280	2,709	(1,715)	1,218	465	
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
\$0.212	¥(3.29)	¥9.33	¥17.04	¥14.08	¥(8.92)	¥6.36	¥2.42	
\$ 10,818	¥ 951	¥ 1,063	¥ 1,073	¥ 1,172	¥ 1,163	¥ 1,577	¥ 1,666	
317	835	492	385	323	263	162	284	
11,135	1,786	1,555	1,458	1,495	1,426	1,739	1,950	
34,458	4,290	4,759	5,680	15,050	5,157	32,487	10,251	
51,286	5,165	4,837	4,783	4,790	4,620	4,444	4,321	
672,056	63,452	77,995	80,929	81,622	72,541	83,143	93,984	
501,314	45,902	62,312	58,349	62,224	47,256	50,080	65,374	
702,516	37,709	36,904	38,331	48,837	48,249	76,352	82,179	
464,499	19,966	16,849	21,847	18,710	27,397	67,474	74,066	
1,670,360	127,893	141,863	145,268	147,668	137,691	184,468	208,877	
159,122	17,066	17,068	17,075	17,077	17,077	17,077	17,077	
366,605	31,060	31,682	33,791	35,260	31,943	34,020	33,480	
667,480	60,768	61,392	63,516	64,989	61,673	63,750	66,463	
	47.5	43.3	43.7	44.0	44.8	34.6	31.8	
	_	2.9	5.2	4.2	_	1.9	0.7	
	0.57	0.60	0.62	0.64	0.73	1.16	1.18	
\$ 90,132	¥ 6,099	¥ 5,456	¥ 4,028	¥ 2,740	¥ 6,951	¥ 3,268	¥ 5,968	
(22,969)	(3,975)	(4,245)	(4,663)	(4,475)	(4,527)	(28,755)	(10,834)	
(87,700)	(1,196)	1,246	955	1,021	2,427	27,166	2,026	
107,734	19,222	21,679	21,999	20,029	24,879	27,586	24,853	
	192,374	192,377	192,399	192,406	191,406	191,406	191,406	
	5,829	5,844	5,789	5,720	5,368	5,440	5,237	

# **Consolidated Balance Sheets**

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries As of March 31, 2005 and 2004

	Million	s of Yen	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
ASSETS	2005	2004	2005
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 11,562	¥ 13,681	\$ 107,734
Marketable securities	43	97	400
Trade notes and accounts receivable:			
Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	411	50	3,830
Other	35,215	32,911	328,131
Inventories	21,287	20,193	198,351
Deferred income tax assets (Note 16)	2,058	1,830	19,176
Other:			
Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	116	141	1,081
Other current assets	1,707	1,129	15,906
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(297)	(2,553)
Total current assets		69,735	672,056
Property, plant and equipment (Note 9):  Land (Note 11)  Buildings and structures  Machinery and equipment  Construction in progress  Less accumulated depreciation	42,014 74,217 1,361	35,938 41,583 72,653 907 (74,774)	335,762 391,483 691,549 12,682 (728,960)
Property, plant and equipment, net	75,394	76,307	702,516
Investments and other assets:  Investment in securities:			
Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	278	459	2,590
Other	21,188	18,640	197,428
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	474	24	4,417
Long-term loans receivable	41	64	382
Deferred income tax assets (Note 16)		1,883	18,012
Deferred income tax assets on revaluation of land		2,113	19,689
Other assets (Note 9)		6,500	55,432
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(293)	(2,162)
Total investments and other assets		29,390	295,788
Total assets		¥175,432	\$1,670,360

	Million	s of Yen	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2005	2004	2005
Current liabilities:			
Short-term bank loans and current portion of long-term debt (Note 9)	¥ 19,105	¥ 18,991	\$ 178,019
Trade notes and accounts payable:			
Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	560	489	5,218
Other	20,936	17,395	195,080
Income taxes payable	2,330	1,697	21,711
Accrued expenses	4,237	3,763	39,480
Other	6,633	6,060	61,806
Total current liabilities	53,801	48,395	501,314
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt (Note 9)	24,275	31,325	226,193
Accrued pension and severance cost (Note 15)	11,024	11,554	102,721
Deferred income tax liabilities (Note 16)	8,203	6,709	76,435
Other	6,348	7,170	59,150
Total noncurrent liabilities	49,850	56,758	464,499
Minority interests	3,978	3,406	37,067
Contingent liabilities (Note 10)			
Shareholders' equity (Note 13):			
Common stock:			
Authorized – 299,000,000 shares in 2005 and 2004			
Issued – 191,406,969 shares in 2005 and 2004	17,077	17,077	159,122
Capital surplus	12,653	12,653	117,900
Revaluation surplus (Note 11)	(3,091)	(3,091)	(28,802)
Retained earnings (Note 6)	39,344	36,199	366,605
Net unrealized holding gains on securities	8,591	7,066	80,050
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,575)	(2,003)	(14,676)
	72,999	67,901	680,199
Treasury stock:			
3,794,043 shares in 2005 and 2,862,995 shares in 2004	(1,365)	(1,028)	(12,719)
Total shareholders' equity	71,634	66,873	667,480
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	¥179,263	¥175,432	\$1,670,360

# **Consolidated Statements of Income**

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003

		Millions of Yen		U	ousands of .S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2003		2005
Net sales (Note 17)	¥129,563	¥119,141	¥116,670	\$1,	207,258
Cost of sales (Note 14)	94,630	87,477	85,064		881,755
Gross profit	34,933	31,664	31,606		325,503
Selling, general and administrative expenses (Note 14)	24,485	23,713	24,255		228,149
Operating income (Note 17)	10,448	7,951	7,351		97,354
Other income (expenses):					
Interest and dividend income	193	250	232		1,798
Interest expense	(1,195)	(1,431)	(1,739)		(11,135)
Equity in earnings of an affiliate	21	42	36		196
Foreign exchange loss	(163)	(284)	(265)		(1,519)
Other, net	(415)	(312)	(616)		(3,867)
Ordinary income	8,889	6,216	4,999		82,827
Extraordinary profit (losses):					
Loss on evaluation of investment securities	–	(42)	(1,908)		_
Net gain on the modification of retirement benefit plan	–	1,116	_		_
Loss on disposal of inventories	–	(664)	_		_
Other, net	(291)	(89)	(291)		(2,711)
Income before income taxes and minority interests	8,598	6,537	2,800		80,116
Income taxes (Note 16):					
Current	3,314	2,553	1,389		30,880
Deferred	159	237	(301)		1,482
Minority interests	(676)	(362)	(181)		(6,299)
Net income	¥ 4,449	¥ 3,385	¥ 1,531	\$	41,455

# **Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity**

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003

	Millions of Yen			Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2003	2005
Common stock:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥17,077	¥17,077	¥17,077	\$159,122
Balance at end of the year		¥17,077	¥17,077	\$159,122
balance at that of the year	+17,077	+17,077	+17,077	Ψ107,122
Capital surplus:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥12,653	¥12,653	¥12,653	\$117,900
Profit on sale of treasury stock	0	0		0
Balance at end of the year	¥12,653	¥12,653	¥12,653	\$117,900
Revaluation surplus:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥ (3,091)	¥(3,097)	¥ (3,015)	\$ (28,802)
Net changes during the year		6	(82)	
Balance at end of the year	¥ (3,091)	¥(3,091)	¥ (3,097)	\$ (28,802)
Retained earnings:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥36,199	¥33,975	¥33,500	\$337,300
Increase (decrease) in retained earnings, resulting from consolidation				
of additional subsidiaries	(73)	_	45	(680)
Increase in retained earnings, resulting from application	, ,			, ,
of the equity method	_	_	58	_
Net income	4,449	3,385	1,531	41,455
Cash dividends paid	(1,130)	(1,132)	(1,141)	(10,529)
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	(101)	(29)	(22)	(941)
Reversal of revaluation surplus	_	_	4	_
Balance at end of the year	¥39,344	¥36,199	¥33,975	\$366,605
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on securities:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥ 7,066	¥ 1,529	¥ 2,319	\$ 65,840
Net changes during the year		5,537	(790)	14,210
Balance at end of the year		¥ 7,066	¥ 1,529	\$ 80,050
Foreign currency translation adjustments:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥ (2,003)	¥ (865)	¥ 146	\$ (18,664)
Net changes during the year	* ' '	(1,138)	(1,011)	3,988
Balance at end of the year		¥ (2,003)	¥ (865)	\$ (14,676)
Treasury stock:				
Balance at beginning of the year	¥ (1,028)	¥ (965)	¥ (6)	\$ (9,579)
Net changes during the year		(63)	(959)	(3,140)
Balance at end of the year		¥ (1,028)	¥ (965)	\$ (12,719)
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# **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003

		Millions of Yen		Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2003	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Income before income taxes				
and minority interests	¥ 8,598	¥ 6,537	¥ 2,800	\$ 80,116
Adjustments for:	+ 0,070	+ 0,557	+ 2,000	Ψ 00,110
Depreciation	5,504	6,083	6,736	51,286
·		•		
Loss (gain) on sales of property, plant and equipment		243	93	(8,069)
Loss on valuation of investment in securities		42	1,908	(700)
Allowance for doubtful accounts, net	` '	(216)	(134)	(792)
Increase (decrease) in accrued pension and severance cost	(568)	(6,087)	156	(5,293)
(Decrease) increase in account payable for				
transfer to differed contribution pension plan	(447)	4,692	_	(4,165)
Decrease (increase) in trade notes				
and accounts receivable	(2,380)	(4,132)	1,531	(22,177)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(630)	2,223	325	(5,870)
Increase (decrease) in trade notes and accounts payable	3,168	1,052	(3,980)	29,519
Other		118	4,472	8,973
Sub total		10,555	13,907	123,528
Interest and dividend income received		311	225	1,947
Interest expenses paid		(1,440)	(1,748)	(11,275)
Income taxes paid		(1,431)	(364)	(24,068)
		7,995	• • •	
Net cash provided by operating activities	9,673	7,995	12,020	90,132
Cash flows from investing activities:				
•		(0)	(100)	
Increase in time deposits (due after 3 months)		(9)	(108)	
Decrease in time deposits (due after 3 months)		119	86	867
Payments for purchase of investments in securities		(2,049)	(7,827)	(1,789)
Proceeds from sales of investments in securities		8,107	9,557	1,752
Payments for purchase of investments in subsidiaries	, ,	(10)	(0)	(4,091)
Increase in long-term loans receivable		(36)	(111)	(447)
Decrease in long-term loans receivable	171	55	14	1,593
Payments for purchase of property, plant				
and equipment	(3,034)	(5,307)	(5,379)	(28,271)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	796	8,104	754	7,417
Other		94	_	_
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(2,465)	9,068	(3,014)	(22,969)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Increase (decrease) in short-term bank loans, net	2,658	(6,463)	(8,499)	24,767
Proceeds from long-term loans		430	473	29,407
Repayment of long-term loans		(7,707)	(1,050)	
	(0,903)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	( , ,	(65,086)
Issuance of bonds	–	98	99	(57.774)
Payments on redemption of bonds	• • •	(100)	(2,585)	(57,771)
Payments on installment purchases	, ,	(527)	(412)	(4,249)
Cash dividends	* ' '	(1,132)	(1,141)	(10,529)
Cash dividends for minority shareholders	(119)	(74)	(142)	(1,109)
Payments for purchase of treasury stock	(339)	(69)	(959)	(3,158)
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock	3	6	_	28
Net cash used in financing activities	(9,412)	(15,538)	(14,216)	(87,700)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash				
and cash equivalents	73	(261)	(104)	680
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,264	(5,314)	(19,857)
		12,417	17,679	127,479
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	13,681	12,417	17,079	127,479
Increase in cash and cash equivalents due to inclusion of	40		F.0	440
subsidiaries in consolidation		— — —	52	112
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	¥ 11,562	¥ 13,681	¥ 12,417	\$107,734

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and Consolidated Subsidiaries

### 1. BASIS OF PRESENTING CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### (a) Accounting principles of consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Tsubakimoto Chain Co. (the "Company") and Consolidated subsidiaries are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan.

Certain modifications in format have been made to facilitate understanding by readers outside Japan.

In addition, the notes to the consolidated financial statements include additional information which is not required under accounting principles generally accepted in Japan but is presented herein as additional information.

### (b) Consolidated subsidiaries

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the parent company and its significant domestic and foreign subsidiaries (the "Companies").

Consolidated subsidiaries are:

Tsubaki Emerson Co.

Tsubakimoto Custom Chain Co.

Tsubakimoto Sprocket Co.

Tsubakimoto Mayfran Inc.

Tsubakimoto Bulk Systems Corporation

Tsubakimoto Machinery Co.

Tsubakimoto Nishinihon Co., Ltd.

Hokkaido Tsubakimoto Chain Co., Ltd.

Tsubakimoto Iron Casting Co., Ltd.

Tsubaki Support Center Co.

U.S. Tsubaki, Inc. (U.S.A.)

Ballantine, Inc. (U.S.A.)

Tsubaki of Canada Limited (Canada)

Tsubakimoto Europe B.V. (Netherlands)

Tsubakimoto U.K. Ltd. (U.K.)

Taiwan Tsubakimoto Co. (Taiwan)

Tsubakimoto Singapore Pte. Ltd. (Singapore)

Tsubakimoto Automotive (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Thailand)

Tsubakimoto Thailand Co., Ltd. (Thailand)

Tsubaki Australia Pty. Limited (Australia)

Tsubaki Emerson Gear (Tianjin) Co., Ltd. (China)

Tsubaki Conveyor of America, Inc. (U.S.A.)

Korea Conveyor Ind. Co., Ltd. (Republic of Korea)

### (c) Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates

Investments in the affiliates over which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence are accounted for using the equity method.

One affiliate, Tianjin Tsubakimoto Conveyor Systems Co., Ltd., (China) has been accounted for under the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

Investments in 6 insignificant unconsolidated subsidiaries and 5 affiliated companies are stated at cost because the Company's equity in the income or losses of these companies is not significant.

### (d) Translation into U.S. dollars

The consolidated financial statements presented herein are expressed in Japanese yen and, solely for the convenience of the reader, have been translated into U.S. dollars at the rate of ¥107.32=\$1, the approximate exchange rate prevailing on March 31, 2005.

### (e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of cash flows statements, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, net of overdrafts, and all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less which present insignificant risk of changes in value.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### (a) Financial instruments

(1) Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at their amortized cost adjusted for the amortization of premiums and the accretion of discount to maturity.

Marketable securities classified as other securities are carried at fair value as of the balance sheet date with changes in unrealized holding gain or loss, net of the applicable income taxes, included directly in shareholders' equity. The cost of securities sold is primarily calculated by the moving-average method.

Non-marketable securities classified as other securities are stated at cost primarily determined by the moving-average method.

(2) Derivatives finance instruments

Derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value. Under the accounting standard for financial instruments, a gain or loss on derivatives designed as hedging instruments is deferred until the loss or gain on the underlying hedged items is recognized. Interest-rate swaps which meet certain conditions are accounted for as if the rates applied to the swaps had originally applied to the underlying debt. Receivables and payables hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts which meet certain conditions are translated at the same exchange rates those applied to the corresponding contracts.

### (b) Inventories

Inventories are stated principally at cost, which is determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method, by the specific identification method or by the moving-average cost method, except for the inventories of certain subsidiaries, which are valued at the lower of cost or market.

### (c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost. Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is computed mainly by the declining-balance method except for buildings for which the straight-line method is applied.

The principal estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures 3 to 50 years

Machinery and equipment 4 to 13 years

### (d) Computer software

Expenditure relating to computer software developed for internal use is charged to income when incurred, except if it contributes to the generation of income or to future cost savings. Such expenditure is capitalized as an asset and is amortized using the straight-line method over its estimated useful life.

### (e) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is computed based on the actual ratio of bad debts in the past. Additionally, for accounts receivable considered at risk (bankruptcy, companies under rehabilitation plan), an allowance is booked based on an estimation of the uncollectible amount on a case-by-case basis.

### (f) Accrued pension and severance costs

In order to provide for retirement benefits to be paid to employees, the amount considered to have accrued as at the end of the term is stated based on the estimated amount of retirement benefit obligations and pension plan assets as at the end of the term.

Prior service cost is charged to income as incurred.

Actuarial gain or loss is proportionally amortized in each year following the year in which the gain or loss is recognized principally by the straight-line method over 10 years, which is within the estimated average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Also, the Company and consolidated domestic subsidiaries record the unfunded retirement benefits for directors and corporate auditors on the accrual basis, which is included in other noncurrent liabilities.

### (g) Translation of foreign currencies

Receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date except for amounts fixed by forward exchange contracts

All gains and losses resulting from the translation of foreign currency balances are included in net income for the year.

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries and a company accounted for using the equity method are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates prevailing on the respective balance sheet dates. Revenue and expenses are translated at the average rates of exchange for the respective years. Shareholders' equity of foreign subsidiaries and a company accounted for using the equity method is translated into Japanese yen at the historical rates. The translation difference in Japanese yen amounts arising from the use of different rates are recognized as foreign currency translation adjustments in the balance sheets. Translation adjustments of foreign currency financial statements are reflected in shareholders' equity and minority interests in the consolidated balance sheets.

### (h) Accounting for leases

Finance leases, except for those in which ownership is deemed to be transferred to the lessee, are accounted for by the same method as operating leases.

### (i) Taxes

Accrued income taxes are stated at the estimated amount payable for corporation, enterprise, and inhabitant taxes. The asset and liability approach is used to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities.

# 3. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN COST AND NET EQUITY OF CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

The difference between the cost and the underlying net equity in investments in consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates accounted for on an equity basis is allocated to identifiable assets based on their fair value at respective dates of acquisition. Unallocated costs are deferred and amortized by the straight-line method for less than 5 years.

### 4. FISCAL YEAR-END DIFFERENCES

### BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

Certain subsidiary results are reported in the consolidated financial statements using a December 31 or a January 31 year-end. Material differences in inter-company transactions and accounts arising from the use of different fiscal year-ends are approximately adjusted through consolidation procedures.

### 5. INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS

All material intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealized profit in inventories and property, plant and equipment, have been eliminated on consolidation.

### 6. APPROPRIATIONS OF RETAINED EARNINGS

Appropriations of retained earnings are recorded at the date they are approved at the annual shareholders' meeting.

### 7. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Companies operate internationally, giving rise to exposure to market risks from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange and interest rates. In the normal course of its risk management efforts, the Companies use a variety of derivative financial instruments, which are comprised of foreign currency forward exchange contracts and interest rate swap agreements, to reduce its exposures. In accordance with the

Company's policy, these financial instruments are utilized solely for hedging purposes, and the Company does not hold or issue financial instruments for trading or speculation purposes.

The Companies have entered into foreign currency forward exchange contracts with banks as hedges against receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies. As these foreign currency forward exchange contracts are utilized solely for hedging purposes, the resulting gains or losses are offset against foreign exchange gains or losses on the underlying hedged assets and liabilities.

Interest rate swap agreements are used to limit the Company's exposure to losses in relation to the corresponding interest expense of underlying debt from adverse fluctuations in interest rates. The related differentials to be paid or received under the interest rate swap agreements are recognized in interest expense over the terms of the agreements.

The Companies do not anticipate any credit loss from nonperformance by the counter-parties to foreign currency forward exchange contracts and interest rate swap agreements.

Since the derivative financial instruments of the Company are solely for hedging purposes, gains or losses arising from changes in fair value are deferred as an asset or liability to be offset against foreign exchange gains or losses on the underlying hedged assets and liabilities. Accordingly, the information relating to fair values is not applicable.

### 8. MARKETABLE SECURITIES AND INVESTMENT SECURITIES

(a) Held-to-maturity debt securities with available fair value at March31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

	Millions of Yen					
		2005			2004	
	Carrying amount	Unrealized gain (losses)	Estimated fair value	Carrying amount	Unrealized gain (losses)	Estimated fair value
Bonds	¥100	¥(6)	¥94	¥100	¥(8)	¥92
			Thousands of U	.S.Dollars (Note 1	)	
		2005	Thousands of U	.S.Dollars (Note 1	2004	
	Carrying amount	2005 Unrealized gain (losses)	Thousands of U Estimated fair value	.S.Dollars (Note 1 Carrying amount		Estimated fair value

(b) Other securities with available fair value at March31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

	Millions of Yen					
	<b>2005</b> 2004					
	cost	Carrying	Unrealized	cost	Carrying amount	Unrealized
	cost	amount	gain (losses)	cost	annount	gain (losses)
Securities with unrealized gain:						
Equity securities	¥5,971	¥20,485	¥14,514	¥5,963	¥17,911	¥11,948
Debt securities	-	_	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	100	100	0
Securities with unrealized loss:						
Equity securities	2	2	(0)	5	5	(0)
Debt securities	54	44	(10)	79	65	(14)
Other	179	164	(15)	227	205	(22)

Securities with unrealized gain:   Securities with unrealized gain:   Securities   \$55,637   \$190,878   \$135,241   \$55,563   \$166,893   \$111,331     Debt securities   \$55,637   \$190,878   \$135,241   \$55,563   \$166,893   \$111,331     Debt securities   \$10				Thousands of U.S.	Dollars (Note 1		
Cock   Mail March   Cock   Mail Mail Mail Mail Mail Mail Mail Mail			2005	Unrealized		2004	Unrealized
Equity securities   \$55,637   \$190,878   \$135,241   \$55,633   \$16,893   \$111,31   \$100   \$100   \$1.0		cost			cost		
Debt securities	Securities with unrealized gain:						
Chebr	Equity securities	\$55,637	\$190,878	\$135,241	\$55,563	\$166,893	\$111,331
Securities with unrealized loss:   Equity securities   19   19   (0)   47   47   (0)	Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	Other	-	-	-	932	932	0
Debt securities   503	Securities with unrealized loss:						
Companies   1,668   1,528   Companies   1,52	Equity securities	19	19	(0)	47	47	(0)
(C) The realized gains and losses on sale of other securities during the year ended March31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:    Millions of Yen   10,000   2005   2004   200	Debt securities	503	410	(93)	736	606	(130)
Mail	Other	1,668	1,528	(140)	2,115	1,910	(205)
Mail	(C) The realized gains and losses on sale of other securities du	ring the year	ended March3	31, 2005 and 200	4 are as follo	OWS:	
Selling amount	`,'	3 ,				Thou	
Sain on sales of securities   5   310   47   2,885							2004
Column	Selling amount			¥17	<b>6</b> ¥1,503	\$1,640	\$14,005
(d) The carrying amounts of other securities which were not practicable to determine fair value at March 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:    Millions of year   2005   2004   2005   2005   2004   2005   2004   2005   20	Gain on sales of securities				5 310	47	2,889
Part	Loss on sales of securities			(	<b>(8)</b>	(75)	(690)
Debt securities   Path secur	(d) The carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of other securities which were not positive to the carrying amounts of the carrying a	racticable to	determine fair v	Mill	ions of Yen	Thou: U.S. Doll	sands of ars (Note 1)
Equity investment in unlisted companies         398         284         3,709         2,64           Unquoted foreign bonds         450         390         4,193         3,63           (e) Redemption schedules for debt securities with maturity dates at March 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:           Millions of Yendows           Due after one year, within one year         Due after five year, within at en year         Due after one	Debt investment in funds						
Unquoted foreign bonds							
(e) Redemption schedules for debt securities with maturity dates at March 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:    Comparison on year   Comparison on year   Due after one year on						•	
Debt securities Debt securitie	<b>,</b> , , , , ,		,		Millio	2005	
Debt securities Due street securities Due street securities Due street securities Due within one year street securities Debt securities Due street securities Due street securities Due within one year street securities Due after one year, within within services securities Due after one year, street securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year, such at the year securities Due after one year securities Due after							Due after
Debt securities         \$44				Due within	within	within	more than
Debt securities         \$44         \$47         \$47         \$				one year	five years	s ten years	ten years
Others					.,	.,	
Due within one year   Due after one year one y					¥-	¥-	¥100
Due within one year   Due after one year, within one year   Due after ten years   Due after ten years	Utners			–	-	-	
Due within one year one year, five year, one year one year, five year, one year one year one year, five year, one year five years one year							_
Debt securities  Due after one year, five years at en years  Due after one year, five years at en years  Debt securities							
Debt securities  Debt securities    Debt securities    Debt securities    Debt securities    Debt securities    Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)  2005  Due after one year, within one year one year, five years ten years ten years one year, so not year five years ten years te							
Debt securities  Debt securities  Others  Due within one year five years  Debt securities				Describble.		Due after five year,	
Others.  142	Debt securities				within	Due after , five year, within	more than
Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)   2005   2005     2005   2005     2005					within	Due after , five year, within	more than
Due within one year one years one ye	Debt securities			one year	within five years	Due after five year, within ten years	more than ten years
Due after one year, five year, pue after one year.				one year ¥412	within five years	Due after five year, within ten years	more than ten years
Debt securities  Securities  Debt securities  Securities  Debt securities  Securiti				one year ¥412 142	within five years ¥42 – Thousands of	Due after five year, within ten years  #1  U.S.Dollars (Note 1)	more than ten years ¥100
Due within within more that one year five years ten years ten years ten years.  Debt securities  Debt securities  Securities  Debt securities  The property of the years ten years ten years.  Securities  Securities  The property of the years ten years.  The property of the years.				one year ¥412 142	within five years ¥42 – Thousands of	Due after five year, within ten years   ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1)	more than ten years ¥100
Debt securities       \$410       \$-       \$-       \$932         Others       -       -       -       -       -				one year ¥412 142	within five years ¥42 – Thousands of Due after	Due after five year, within ten years   ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1) 2005  Due after	more than ten years ¥100 –
Debt securities         \$410         \$-         \$-         \$932           Others         -         -         -         -         -				one year  ¥412  142  Due within	within five years  \$442  - Thousands of  Due after one year within	Due after five year, within ten years   ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1) 2005  Due after five year, within	wore than ten years  ¥100  Due after more than
Others	Others			one year  ¥412  142  Due within	within five years  \$442  - Thousands of  Due after one year within	Due after five year, within ten years   ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1) 2005  Due after five year, within	wore that ten years  ¥100  Due after more that
	Others  Debt securities			one year  ¥412  142  Due within one year	Within five years  #42  - Thousands of Due after one year within five years	Due after five year, within ten years  ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1) 2005  Due after five year, within ten years	¥100 –  Due after more than ten years
Thousands of U.S.Dollars (Note 1)	Debt securities Debt securities			one year  ¥412  142  Due within one year  \$410	Within five years  #42  - Thousands of Due after one year within five years	Due after five year, within ten years  ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1) 2005  Due after five year, within ten years	Due after more thar ten years
	Debt securities Debt securities			one year  ¥412  142  Due within one year  \$410	Within five years  #42  - Thousands of Due after one year within five years	Due after five year, within ten years  ¥1  - U.S.Dollars (Note 1) 2005  Due after five year, within ten years	¥100 –  Due after more than ten years

	2004			
	Due within one year	Due after one year, within five years	Due after five year, within ten years	Due after more than ten years
Debt securities				
Debt securities	\$3,839	\$391	\$9	\$932
Others	1,323	_	_	_

### 9. SHORT-TERM LOAN AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Short-term loans at March 31, 2005 and 2004 consisted of the following:

	Millions	of Yen	U	ousands of .S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004		2005
¥	6,122	¥ 6,115	\$	57,044
	3,787	360		35,287
¥	9,909	¥ 6,975	\$	92,331
	¥	2005 ¥ 6,122	¥ <b>6,122</b> ¥ 6,115 <b>3,787</b> 360	Millions of Yen 2005 2004  ¥ 6,122 ¥ 6,115 \$ 3,787 360

Long-term loans at March 31, 2005 and 2004 consisted of the following:

Loans, principally from banks and insurance companies with weighted average interest rates of 2.3% at March 31, 2005 and 2.3%

average interest rates of 2.3% at March 31, 2005 and 2.3% at March 31, 2004			
Secured	¥13,142	¥19,183	\$122,456
Unsecured	17,629	15,258	164,266
Secured 2.3% bonds due 2007	800	800	7,454
Secured 0.73% to 1.2% bonds			
due 2005	100	100	932
Unsecured 2.4% bonds due 2005	1,600	1,600	14,909
Unsecured 2.3% due 2005	-	6,200	-
Unsecured 0.38% to 0.44%			
bonds due 2007	200	200	1,863
	33,471	43,341	311,880
Less amounts due with in one year	9,196	12,016	85,687
Total	¥24,275	¥31,325	\$226,193

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt subsequent to March 31, 2005 are summarized as follows:

Year ending March 31	Millions of Yen	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
2006	¥ 9,196	\$ 85,687
2007	7,967	74,236
2008	2,213	20,621
2009	2,213	20,621
2010	8,698	81,047
and thereafter	3,184	29,668
Total	¥33,471	\$311,880

At March 31, 2005 and 2004, the following assets were pledged as collateral for bank loans and long-term debt:

	Million	s of Yen	U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2005
Property, plant and equipment	¥56,321	¥57,803	\$524,795
Other noncurrent items	63	63	587
	¥56,384	¥57,866	\$525,382

### 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Contingent liabilities with respect to trade notes discounted and loans guaranteed amounted to \$2,147 million (\$20,006 thousand) and \$2,847 million at March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

### 11. REVALUATION OF LAND

At March 31, 2002, the land owned by the Company was revaluated under the Land Reappraisal Law, and unrealized losses resulting from the revaluation were debited directly from shareholders' equity as a revaluation surplus after offsetting the related deferred tax assets as stipulated by the law. The revaluation surplus will be credited to a gain or loss to be incurred when the related land is sold.

The difference between the fair value at March 31, 2005 and the book value after the revaluation at March 31, 2005, is as follows:

	MUU	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	Millions of Yen 2005	2005
Fair value at March 31, 2005	¥22,189	\$206,755
Book value after the revaluation		
at March 31, 2005	31,494	293,458
Difference	¥ 9,305	\$ 86,703

### 12. PER SHARE AMOUNTS

	Y	en	U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2005
Shareholders' equity per share	¥380.91	¥354.14	\$3.549
Net income per share – Basic	22.77	17.40	0.212
– Diluted	_	_	_

The diluted net income per share is not presented, because the Company does not have convertible bonds or bonds with warrants.

The basic financial data for the computation of basic net income per share for the year ended March 31, 2005, is as follows:

	Millions of Yen	U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
Information on basic net income:		
Net income	¥4,449	\$41,455
Deduction from net income:		
Bonuses to directors and statutory auditors	170	1,584
Adjusted net income allocated in common stock	4,279	39,871
Weighted average number of shares of		
common stock outstanding during 2005	187,889,3	23 shares

### 13. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Commercial Code of Japan (the "Code") requires the Company to transfer an amount equal to at least 10% of appropriations paid in cash to the legal reserve. Under the revised Code, effective on October 1, 2001, the Company may not appropriate retained earnings to the legal reserve when the total balance of the legal reserve and additional paid-in capital equals to 25% of common stock. Amounts of the legal reserve and capital surplus in excess of 25% of common stock, subject to shareholders' approval, may be used for dividend distributions.

### 14. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure is charged to income as incurred. Research and development costs are included in manufacturing costs and selling, general and administrative expenses for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 are \$2,215 million (\$20,639 thousand) and \$1,092 million, respectively.

### 15. ACCRUED PENSION AND SEVERANCE COSTS

The Company has established a lump-sum severance indemnity, a defined contribution pension plan and a non-contributory defined benefit plan. Additional benefits may be granted to employees depending on the conditions under which termination occurs.

The subsidiaries in Japan have established approved retirement annuity systems and lump-sum severance indemnities as defined benefit plans. Additional benefits may be granted to employees depending on the conditions under which termination occurs.

The following table sets forth the details of benefit obligation, plan assets and funded status of the Companies at March 31, 2005 and 2004:

Thousands of

	Millions o	of Yen	U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2005
Benefit obligation at end of year	¥(16,078)	¥(17,652)\$	\$(149,814)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	3,748	4,640	34,924
Funded status:			
Benefit obligation in excess of			
plan assets	(12,330)	(13,012)	(114,890)
Unrecognized actuarial loss	1,306	1,458	12,169
Accrued pension liability recognized			
in the consolidated balance sheets	(11,024)	(11,554)	(102,721)
Note: Cortain demostic subsidiaries have add	antod allowor	1 altornative	troatmont of

Note: Certain domestic subsidiaries have adopted allowed alternative treatment of the Accounting Standards for Retirement Benefits for Small Business Entities.

On April 1, 2005, 5 subsidiaries in Japan adopted a defined contribution pension plan.

These 5 subsidiaries in Japan adopted Financial Accounting Standards Implementation Guidance No. 1, "Accounting for Transfers between Retirement Benefit Plans" issued by the Accounting Standards Board of Japan on January 31, 2002.

The impact of the transfer of projected benefit obligation and pension assets under the tax qualified non-contributory defined benefit plan to the defined contribution pension plan at March 31, 2005, is as follows:

	Millions of Yen	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
Decrease in benefit obligation	¥800	\$7,454
Plan assets transferred to the defined		
contribution pension plan	(436)	(4,062)
Decrease in retirement benefits	364	3,392
Amount not yet transferred to the defined		
contribution pension plan	(365)	(3,401)
Net gain on the modification of		
retirement benefit plan	¥ —	\$ —

The total amount to be transferred to the defined contribution pension plan within eight years is \$364 million (\$3,392 thousand), of which \$45 million (\$419 thousand) is in other of current liabilities and \$319 million (\$2,973 thousand) is included in other of noncurrent liabilities.

The components of net periodic benefit costs for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, are as follows:

				U.S	usands of S. Dollars
			s of Yen	(	Note 1)
	2	005	2004		2005
Service cost	¥	824	¥ 1,355	\$	7,678
Interest cost		377	645		3,513
Expected return on plan assets		(99)	(157)		(922)
Net gain on the modification of					
retirement benefit plan		_	(1,116)		_
Amortization:					
Actuarial losses		193	434		1,798
Contribution of the defined					
contribution pension plan		312	_		2,907
Net periodic benefit cost	¥1	,607	¥ 1,161	\$	14,974

Assumptions used in calculation of above information for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 are as follows:

Method of attributing benefits to period	
of service	Straight-line basis
Discount rate	2.5%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	2.5%
Amortization period for actuarial losses	10 years
Amortization period of prior service cost	1 year

### 16. INCOME TAXES

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries are subject to several taxes based on income, which in the aggregate resulted in statutory tax rates of approximately 40.5% for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004. Foreign subsidiaries are subject to income taxes of the countries in which they operate.

Differences between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004 are insignificant and not presented.

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets at March 31, 2005 and 2004, are presented below:

	Millions o	of Yen	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	2005	2004	2005
Deferred income tax assets:			
Accrued pension and			
severance cost	¥ 4,216 ¥	4,075	\$ 39,284
Transfer to defined contribution			
pension plan	1,725	1,905	16,074
Accrued bonuses	955	801	8,899
Allowance for doubtful accounts	142	131	1,323
Tax loss carryforwards	41	58	382
Loss on valuation of investment			
in securities	161	329	1,500
Impairment loss on deposits for			
golf club membership	139	159	1,295
Other	1,169	1,258	10,893
Total gross deferred			
income tax assets	8,548	8,716	79,650
Deferred income tax liabilities:			
Reserve for deduction entry of			
property replaced by purchase	(5,175)	(5,182)	(48,220)
Profit from valuation for the			
consolidation of capital account	` ,	(372)	,
Other	(7,215)	(6,158)	(67,229)
Total gross deferred income			
tax liabilities	(12,760)	(11,712)	(118,897)
Net deferred income		( )	
tax liabilities	¥ (4,212)	¥ (2,996):	\$ (39,247)

### 17. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information by business segment and geographical segment for the years ended March 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, is as follows:

Tillothiation by business segment and geographical segm		Millions of Yen		Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
(A) BUSINESS SEGMENT	2005	2004	2003	2005
Net sales:				
Power transmission products:				
Customers	¥ 98,404	¥ 90,081	¥ 86,774	\$ 916,921
Intersegment	1,383	1,371	1,383	12,887
Total	<del></del>	91,452	88,157	929,808
Materials handling systems:	<del></del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·
Customers	30,592	28,426	29,452	285,054
Intersegment		123	111	764
Total		28,549	29,563	285,818
Others:	30,0.1	20,017	27,000	200,010
Customers	568	634	444	5,292
Intersegment		1,836	847	16,614
Total		2,470	1,291	21,906
Total	2,331	2,470	1,291	21,900
Eliminations	(3,249)	(3,330)	(2,341)	(30,274
Consolidated total	¥129,563	¥119,141	¥116,670	\$1,207,258
Operating income (loss):				
Power transmission products	¥ 11,263	¥ 8,630	¥ 7,526	\$ 104,948
Materials handling systems		1,882	2,463	16,772
Others	101	84	13	941
Corporate and eliminations		(2,645)	(2,651)	(25,307
Consolidated total		¥ 7,951	¥ 7,351	\$ 97,354
Total assets:				
Power transmission products		¥115,011	¥124,213	\$1,049,273
Materials handling systems		21,955	23,986	227,413
Others		2,393	2,216	16,307
Corporate and eliminations		36,073	32,845	377,367
Consolidated total	¥179,263	¥175,432	¥183,260	\$1,670,360
Depreciation:				
Power transmission products	¥ 4,795	¥ 5.324	¥ 5,891	\$ 44,679
Materials handling systems		409	456	3,448
Others		6	12	56
Corporate and eliminations		344	377	3.103
Consolidated total		¥ 6,083	¥ 6,736	\$ 51,286
Capital expenditures:				
Power transmission products	¥ 3,125	¥ 3,148	¥ 2,635	\$ 29,118
Materials handling systems	295	182	222	2,749
Others	18	14	8	168
Corporate and eliminations	260	162	77	2,423
Consolidated total		¥ 3,506	¥ 2,942	\$ 34,458
		.,	,	,

(B) GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT         2005         2004         2003         2005           Net sales:         Japan:           Customers         \$ 93,820         \$ 84,840         \$ 81,768         \$ 874,208           Intersegment         10,504         9,608         9,921         97,875           Total         104,324         94,448         91,689         972,083           North America:         Customers         22,090         23,291         25,965         205,833           Intersegment         350         253         213         3,261           Total         22,440         23,544         26,178         209,094           Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,719         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923			Millions of Yen		Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
Japan:   Customers	(B) GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENT	2005		2003	
Customers         ¥ 93,820         ¥ 84,840         ¥ 81,768         \$ 874,208           Intersegment         10,504         9,608         9,921         97,875           Total         104,324         94,448         91,689         972,083           North America:         Usyoo         23,291         25,965         205,833           Intersegment         350         253         213         3,261           Total         22,440         23,544         26,178         209,094           Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers           Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121           Consolidated total         *11,419 <td>Net sales:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Net sales:				
Intersegment         10,504         9,608         9,921         978,757           Total         104,324         94,448         91,669         972,083           North America:         Ususmers         22,090         23,291         25,965         205,833           Intersegment         350         253         213         3,261           Total         22,440         23,544         26,178         209,094           Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         1         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         4         0         0         4         2         0         2	Japan:				
Total         104,324         94,448         91,689         972,083           North America:         Customers         22,090         23,291         25,965         205,833           Intersegment         350         253         213         3,261           Total         22,440         23,544         26,178         209,094           Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,623)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         \$129,563         \$119,141         \$116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$\$1,419         \$8,85         \$951         5,768 <t< td=""><td>Customers</td><td>¥ 93,820</td><td>¥ 84,840</td><td>¥ 81,768</td><td>\$ 874,208</td></t<>	Customers	¥ 93,820	¥ 84,840	¥ 81,768	\$ 874,208
North America:   Customers   22,090   23,291   25,965   205,833   Intersegment   350   253   213   3,261   Total   22,440   23,544   26,178   209,094   Europe:   Customers   5,718   4,719   3,811   53,280   Intersegment   0	Intersegment	10,504	9,608	9,921	97,875
Customers         22,090         23,291         25,665         205,833           Intersegment         350         253         213         3,261           Total         22,440         23,544         26,178         209,094           Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         \$129,563         \$119,141         \$116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$11,419         \$8,385         \$7,938         \$106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         <	Total	104,324	94,448	91,689	972,083
Intersegment   350   253   213   3,261   Total   22,440   23,544   26,178   209,094   Europe:	North America:				
Total         22,440         23,544         26,178         209,094           Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         \$129,563         \$119,141         \$116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$11,419         \$8,385         \$7,938         \$106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)	Customers	22,090	23,291	25,965	205,833
Europe:         Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         \$129,563         \$119,141         \$116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$11,419         \$8,385         \$7,938         \$106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Coprorate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total	Intersegment	350	253	213	3,261
Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         \$129,563         \$119,141         \$116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$11,419         \$8,385         \$7,938         \$106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         \$11,4243         \$113,927         <	Total	22,440	23,544	26,178	209,094
Customers         5,718         4,719         3,811         53,280           Intersegment         0         4         4         0           Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         \$129,563         \$119,141         \$116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$11,419         \$8,385         \$7,938         \$106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         \$11,4243         \$113,927         <	Europe:				
Total         5,718         4,723         3,815         53,280           Asia and Oceania:         Customers         7,936         6,292         5,126         73,947           Intersegment         534         526         685         4,976           Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         *129,563         *119,141         *116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         *11,419         *8,385         *7,938         *106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         *10,448         *7,951         *7,351         \$97,354           Total assets:         Japan         *112,243         *113,927         *122,001         \$1,045,872           North America <td></td> <td>5,718</td> <td>4,719</td> <td>3,811</td> <td>53,280</td>		5,718	4,719	3,811	53,280
Asia and Oceania:  Customers 7,936 6,292 5,126 73,947  Intersegment 534 526 685 4,976  Total 8,470 6,818 5,811 78,923  Eliminations (11,389) (10,392) (10,823) (106,121)  Consolidated total ¥129,563 ¥119,141 ¥116,670 \$1,207,258  Operating income:  Japan \$11,419 \$8,385 \$7,938 \$106,401  North America 619 865 951 5,768  Europe 423 340 329 3,942  Asia and Oceania 858 795 479 7,995  Corporate and eliminations (2,871) (2,434) (2,346) (26,752)  Consolidated total \$10,448 \$7,951 \$7,351 \$97,354   Total assets:  Japan \$112,243 \$113,927 \$122,001 \$1,045,872  Consolidated total \$7,477 \$18,085 \$22,351 \$162,849  Europe 4,573 4,103 3,505 42,611  Asia and Oceania 7,783 6,585 6,491 72,522  Corporate and eliminations 7,783 6,585 6,491 72,522  Corporate and eliminations 7,783 6,585 6,491 72,522  Corporate and eliminations 37,187 32,732 28,912 346,506	Intersegment	0	4	4	0
Asia and Oceania:  Customers 7,936 6,292 5,126 73,947  Intersegment 534 526 685 4,976  Total 8,470 6,818 5,811 78,923  Eliminations (11,389) (10,392) (10,823) (106,121)  Consolidated total \$\frac{\text{t12,9563}}{\text{t19,141}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t16,670}}{\text{t16,670}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,492}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t11,419}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t11,419}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,492}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,492}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,491}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,491}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,491}}{\text{t10,492}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,491}}{\text{t10,494}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,494}}{\text{t10,494}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,494}}{\text{t10,494}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,494}}{\text{t10,494}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t112,243}}{\text{t10,494}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t112,2001}}{\text{t10,4849}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,495}}{\text{t10,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t112,243}}{\text{t10,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t112,243}}{\text{t10,3927}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t122,001}}{\text{t10,4849}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t0,491}}{\text{t0,2941}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t0,491}}{\text{t0,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t0,491}}{\text{t0,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t0,491}}{\text{t0,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t0,491}}{\text{t0,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,492}}{\text{t10,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,492}}{\text{t10,491}}\$ \$\frac{\text{t10,491}}{\text{t10,491}}\$ \$\text{t10	Total	5,718	4,723	3,815	53,280
Intersegment   534   526   685   4,976   Total   8,470   6,818   5,811   78,923					
Total         8,470         6,818         5,811         78,923           Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         ¥129,563         ¥119,141         ¥116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         \$11,419         \$8,385         \$7,938         \$106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         \$10,448         \$7,951         \$7,351         \$97,354           Total assets:         Japan         \$112,243         \$113,927         \$122,001         \$1,045,872           North America         17,477         18,085         22,351         162,849           Europe         4,573         4,103         3,505         42,611           Asia and Oceania         7,783         6,585         6,491         72,522           Corporate and eliminations	Customers	7,936	6,292	5,126	73,947
Eliminations         (11,389)         (10,392)         (10,823)         (106,121)           Consolidated total         ¥129,563         ¥111,411         ¥116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:           Japan         ¥ 11,419         ¥ 8,385         ¥ 7,938         \$ 106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         ¥ 10,448         ¥ 7,951         ¥ 7,351         \$ 97,354           Total assets:           Japan         ¥112,243         ¥113,927         ¥122,001         \$1,045,872           North America         17,477         18,085         22,351         162,849           Europe         4,573         4,103         3,505         42,611           Asia and Oceania         7,783         6,585         6,491         72,522           Corporate and eliminations         37,187         32,732         28,912         346,506 <td>Intersegment</td> <td>534</td> <td>526</td> <td>685</td> <td>4,976</td>	Intersegment	534	526	685	4,976
Consolidated total         ¥129,563         ¥119,141         ¥116,670         \$1,207,258           Operating income:         Japan         ¥ 11,419         ¥ 8,385         ¥ 7,938         \$ 106,401           North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         ¥ 10,448         ¥ 7,951         ¥ 7,351         \$ 97,354           Total assets:         Japan         ¥112,243         ¥113,927         ¥122,001         \$1,045,872           North America         17,477         18,085         22,351         162,849           Europe         4,573         4,103         3,505         42,611           Asia and Oceania         7,783         6,585         6,491         72,522           Corporate and eliminations         37,187         32,732         28,912         346,506	Total	8,470	6,818	5,811	78,923
Operating income:         Japan       \$ 11,419       \$ 8,385       \$ 7,938       \$ 106,401         North America       619       865       951       5,768         Europe       423       340       329       3,942         Asia and Oceania       858       795       479       7,995         Corporate and eliminations       (2,871)       (2,434)       (2,346)       (26,752)         Consolidated total       \$ 10,448       \$ 7,951       \$ 7,351       \$ 97,354         Total assets:         Japan       \$ 112,243       \$ 113,927       \$ 122,001       \$ 1,045,872         North America       17,477       18,085       22,351       162,849         Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	Eliminations	(11,389)	(10,392)	(10,823)	(106,121)
Japan       ¥ 11,419       ¥ 8,385       ¥ 7,938       \$ 106,401         North America       619       865       951       5,768         Europe       423       340       329       3,942         Asia and Oceania       858       795       479       7,995         Corporate and eliminations       (2,871)       (2,434)       (2,346)       (26,752)         Consolidated total       ¥ 10,448       ¥ 7,951       ¥ 7,351       \$ 97,354         Total assets:       Japan       ¥ 112,243       ¥ 113,927       ¥ 122,001       \$ 1,045,872         North America       17,477       18,085       22,351       162,849         Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	Consolidated total	¥129,563	¥119,141	¥116,670	\$1,207,258
North America         619         865         951         5,768           Europe         423         340         329         3,942           Asia and Oceania         858         795         479         7,995           Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         ¥ 10,448         ¥ 7,951         ¥ 7,351         \$ 97,354           Total assets:         Japan         ¥112,243         ¥113,927         ¥122,001         \$1,045,872           North America         17,477         18,085         22,351         162,849           Europe         4,573         4,103         3,505         42,611           Asia and Oceania         7,783         6,585         6,491         72,522           Corporate and eliminations         37,187         32,732         28,912         346,506	Operating income:				
Europe       423       340       329       3,942         Asia and Oceania       858       795       479       7,995         Corporate and eliminations       (2,871)       (2,434)       (2,346)       (26,752)         Consolidated total       ¥ 10,448       ¥ 7,951       ¥ 7,351       \$ 97,354         Total assets:         Japan       ¥112,243       ¥113,927       ¥122,001       \$1,045,872         North America       17,477       18,085       22,351       162,849         Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506		¥ 11,419	¥ 8,385	¥ 7,938	\$ 106,401
Asia and Oceania 858 795 479 7,995 Corporate and eliminations (2,871) (2,434) (2,346) (26,752) Consolidated total ¥ 10,448 ¥ 7,951 ¥ 7,351 \$ 97,354  Total assets:  Japan \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 112,243 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 113,927 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 122,001 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 1,045,872  North America \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 17,477 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 18,085 \$\frac{2}{2}\$ 23,51 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 162,849  Europe \$\frac{4}{2}\$ 4,573 \$\frac{4}{2}\$ 103 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 3505 \$\frac{4}{2}\$ 611  Asia and Oceania 7,783 \$\frac{6}{2}\$ 585 \$\frac{6}{2}\$ 491 \$\frac{7}{2}\$ 522  Corporate and eliminations \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 37,187 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 32,732 \$\frac{2}{2}\$ 8,912 \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 46,506	North America	619	865	951	5,768
Corporate and eliminations         (2,871)         (2,434)         (2,346)         (26,752)           Consolidated total         ¥ 10,448         ¥ 7,951         ¥ 7,351         \$ 97,354           Total assets:           Japan         ¥112,243         ¥113,927         ¥122,001         \$1,045,872           North America         17,477         18,085         22,351         162,849           Europe         4,573         4,103         3,505         42,611           Asia and Oceania         7,783         6,585         6,491         72,522           Corporate and eliminations         37,187         32,732         28,912         346,506	Europe	423	340	329	3,942
Consolidated total       ¥ 10,448       ¥ 7,951       ¥ 7,351       \$ 97,354         Total assets:         Japan       \$112,243       \$113,927       \$122,001       \$1,045,872         North America       17,477       18,085       22,351       162,849         Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	Asia and Oceania	858	795	479	7,995
Total assets:         Japan       ¥112,243       ¥113,927       ¥122,001       \$1,045,872         North America       17,477       18,085       22,351       162,849         Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	Corporate and eliminations	(2,871)	(2,434)	(2,346)	(26,752)
Japan         ¥112,243         ¥113,927         ¥122,001         \$1,045,872           North America         17,477         18,085         22,351         162,849           Europe         4,573         4,103         3,505         42,611           Asia and Oceania         7,783         6,585         6,491         72,522           Corporate and eliminations         37,187         32,732         28,912         346,506	Consolidated total	¥ 10,448	¥ 7,951	¥ 7,351	\$ 97,354
North America       17,477       18,085       22,351       162,849         Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	Total assets:				
Europe       4,573       4,103       3,505       42,611         Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	Japan	¥112,243	¥113,927	¥122,001	\$1,045,872
Asia and Oceania       7,783       6,585       6,491       72,522         Corporate and eliminations       37,187       32,732       28,912       346,506	North America	17,477	18,085	22,351	162,849
Corporate and eliminations         37,187         32,732         28,912         346,506	Europe	4,573	4,103	3,505	42,611
	Asia and Oceania	7,783	6,585	6,491	72,522
Consolidated total ¥179,263 ¥175,432 ¥183,260 \$1,670,360	Corporate and eliminations	37,187	32,732	28,912	346,506
	Consolidated total	¥179,263	¥175,432	¥183,260	\$1,670,360

Major countries and areas included in each geographic segment are as follows:

North America: United States, Canada Europe: Netherlands, United Kingdom

Asia and Oceania: Taiwan, People's Republic of China, Korea, Singapore, Thailand, Australia

### 18. INFORMATION FOR CERTAIN LEASES

The summary of assumed amounts of acquisition cost, accumulated depreciation and net book value with respect to finance leases accounted for in the same manner as operating leases as of March 31, 2005 is as follows:

	Millions of Yen			
	Acquisition cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	
Machinery and equipment	¥1,418	¥ 897	¥521	
Others	452	217	235	
Total	¥1,870	¥1,114	¥756	
		Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1)		
	Acquisition cost	Thousands of U.S. Dollars (Note 1) Accumulated depreciation	Net book value	
Machinery and equipment	Acquisition cost \$13,213		Net book value \$4,855	
Machinery and equipment Others		Accumulated depreciation		

Total lease payments for finance leases which do not transfer ownership to lessees amounted to ¥445 million (\$4,146 thousand) and ¥551 million (\$5,134 thousand) for the years ended March 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Future lease payments as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, inclusive of interest under such leases were as follows:

			Thousands of
			U.S. Dollars (Note 1)
	Million:	of Yen	
	2005	2004	2005
Due within one year	¥340	¥408	\$3,168
Due after one year	416	552	3,876
Total	¥756	¥960	\$7,044

### 19. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

- 1. On June 29, 2005, the shareholders of the Company approved payment of a cash dividend of ¥4 (\$0.04) per share or a total of ¥750 million (\$6,988 thousand) to shareholders of record as of March 31, 2005. In addition, a payment of bonuses to directors was approved which is amount to ¥84 million(\$782 thousand).
- 2. On June 29, 2005, the Company resolved the issuance of unsecured domestic yen bonds in accordance with the approval of the Company's Board of Directors' meeting.

The general description is as follows:

Issue amount: ¥7,000 million (\$65,225 thousand) par value Issue period: During from July 1, 2005 to September 22, 2005

Redemption period: 5 years to 7 years Interest: less or equal to 1.80% p.a.

Purposes: repayments of borrowings, repayments of bonds and operating capital

The Company has left detail of the conditions to the discretion of the Company's president and representative director.

**Report of Independent Auditors** 

The Board of Directors

Tsubakimoto Chain Co.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the three years ended March 31, 2005, all expressed in yen. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on

these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting

principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that

our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of

Tsubakimoto Chain Co. and consolidated subsidiaries at March 31, 2005 and 2004, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash

flows for the three years ended March 31, 2005, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2005 are presented

solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has

been made on the basis described in Note 1 (d).

Ernst & Young ShinNihon

Ernst & young Shimbihon

Osaka, Japan June 30, 2005

# **Tsubakimoto Chain Group Companies**

As of March 31, 2005

\* Consolidated Subsidiary

IADAN	Paid-in Capital	Equity Owned by Tsubakimoto Chain Co.	Number of Employees	Date of Establishment	* Consolidated Subsidiary  Principal Business
TSUBAKI EMERSON CO.*	¥460.0 million	70.6%	576	April 2002	Manufacture and sales of power
					transmission products
TSUBAKIMOTO CUSTOM CHAIN CO.*	¥125.0 million	99.6%	190	October 1951	Manufacture of power transmission chains
TSUBAKIMOTO SPROCKET CO.*	¥126.0 million	99.9%	132	October 1968	Manufacture and sales of sprockets
TSUBAKIMOTO IRON CASTING CO., LTD.*	¥ 50.0 million	100.0%	56	October 1968	Manufacture and sales of casting products
SHINKO MACHINERY CO.	¥ 50.0 million	50.0%	35	March 1971	Manufacture of conveyor chains
KATO MANUFACTORY CO., LTD.	¥ 30.0 million	20.0%	22	July 1968	Manufacture of tire chains
TSUBAKIMOTO MAYFRAN INC.*	¥ 90.0 million	50.0%	109	November 1973	Manufacture and sales of chip conveyors
TSUBAKIMOTO BULK SYSTEMS CORPORATION*	¥150.0 million	100.0%	141	April 1981	Manufacture and sales of bulk materials handling systems
OHNISHI MFG. CO., LTD.	¥ 46.0 million	45.7%	31	September 1959	Manufacture of conveying equipment
TSUBAKIMOTO MACHINERY CO.*	¥139.0 million	68.2%	138	April 1971	Sales of Tsubakimoto Chain products
HOKKAIDO TSUBAKIMOTO CHAIN CO., LTD.*	¥ 30.0 million	100.0%	14	October 1961	Sales of Tsubakimoto Chain products
TSUBAKIMOTO NISHINIHON CO., LTD.*	¥ 90.0 million	50.0%	54	October 1993	Sales of Tsubakimoto Chain products
TSUBAKI SUPPORT CENTER CO.*	¥ 80.0 million	100.0%	107	October 1970	Back-office services
NORTH AMERICA					
U.S. TSUBAKI, INC.*  301 E. Marquardt Drive, Wheeling, IL 60090-6497, U.S.A. Telephone: (847) 459-9500 Facsimile: (847) 459-9515	US\$33,500,000	100.0%	726	February 1971	Manufacture and sales of power transmission products
Roller Chain Division, Holyoke Plant 821 Main Street, Holyoke, MA 01040-5312, U.S.A. Telephone: (413) 536-1576 Facsimile: (413) 534-8239	_	_	175	_	Manufacture of roller chains
Automotive Division, Chicopee Plant 106 Lonczak Drive, Chicopee, MA 01022-1305, U.S.A. Telephone: (413) 593-1100 Facsimile: (413) 593-9999	_	_	238	_	Manufacture of automotive parts
Engineering Chain Division, Sandusky Plant 1010 Edgewater Drive, Sandusky, OH 44870-1601, U.S.A. Telephone: (419) 626-4560 Facsimile: (419) 626-5194	_	_	144	_	Manufacture of engineering chains
BALLANTINE, INC.*  840 McKinley Street, Anoka, MN 55303-1146, U.S.A. Telephone: (612) 427-3959 Facsimile: (612) 427-2277	US\$50,000	U.S. Tsubaki 100.0%	38	March 1988	Sales of trencher parts
TSUBAKI OF CANADA LIMITED*  1630 Drew Road, Mississauga, Ontario, L5S 1J6 Canada Telephone: (905) 676-0400 Facsimile: (905) 676-0904	C\$6,295,955	100.0%	121	July 1973	Manufacture and sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKI CONVEYOR OF AMERICA, INC.*  138 Davis Street, P.O. Box 710, Portland, TN 37148-0710, U.S.A. Telephone: (615) 325-2221 Facsimile: (615) 325-2442	US\$900,000	100.0%	56	July 1983	Manufacture and sales of materials handling systems
EUROPE					
TSUBAKIMOTO EUROPE B.V.*  Belder 1, 4704 RK, Roosendaal, The Netherlands Telephone: (165) 594800 Facsimile: (165) 549450	EUR2,722,681	100.0%	75	April 1972	Sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKIMOTO U.K. LTD.* Osier Drive, Sherwood Park, Annesley, Nottingham, NG15 ODX, United Kingdom Telephone: (1623) 688700 Facsimile: (1623) 688789	£550,000	Tsubakimoto Europe 100.0%	59	March 1985	Manufacture and sales of power transmission products
T.E.E.U. LIMITED 55 Kedleston Court, Norbury Close, Allestree, Derby, DE22 20F, United Kingdom Telephone: (1332) 551277 Facsimile: (1332) 551277	£30,000	100.0%	0	March 1990	Sales and maintenance of materials handling systems

	Paid-in Capital	1)	Number of Employees	Date of Establishment	Principal Business
ASIA & OCEANIA					
TAIWAN TSUBAKIMOTO CO.*  No. 7 Feng Sun Keng, Kuel Shan-Hsiang, Taoyuan-Hsien, Taiwan, R.O.C. Telephone: (33) 293827-9 Facsimile: (33) 293065	NT\$70,000,000	99.9%	92	January 1970	Manufacture and sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKIMOTO SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.*  25 Gul Lane, Jurong, Singapore 629419 Telephone: 6861 0422 (6 lines) Facsimile: 6861 7035	SG\$3,000,000	100.0%	22	January 1981	Sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKIMOTO AUTOMOTIVE (THAILAND) CO., LTD. 700-467 Moo 7, Amata Nakorn Industrial Estate, Tambol Don Hua Roh, Amphur Muang, Chonburi 20000, Thailand Telephone: (38) 454021-4 Facsimile: (38) 454025	BAHT70,000,000	100.0%	40	March 2002	Manufacture, sales, and exports of timing drive systems and other power transmission products
TSUBAKIMOTO THAILAND CO., LTD.* 159 Soi Asoke, Sukhumvit Road, North-Klongtoey Wattana, Bangkok 10110, Thailand Telephone: (662) 261-9991 Facsimile: (662) 261-9993	BAHT2,000,000	Tsubakimoto Singapore 95.1%	) 3	March 2002	Sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKI AUSTRALIA PTY. LIMITED* Unit E, 95-101 Silverwater Road, Silverwater, N.S.W. 2128, Australia Telephone: (2) 9648-5269 Facsimile: (2) 9648-3115	AU\$300,000	100.0%	32	May 1987	Sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKIMOTO AUTOMOTIVE (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD.*  No. 3 Building, No.1588 Gaotai Rd., Jiading Industrial Area Shanghai People's Republic of China Telephone: (21) 6916-9441 Facsimile: (21) 6916-9446	US\$2,500,000	100.0%	26	April 2004	Manufacture, sales, and exports of timing drive systems
TSUBAKIMOTO CHAIN TRADING (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD. Room 1712, Lippo Plaza, No. 222 Huai Hai Zhong Rd., Shanghai People's Republic of China Telephone: (21) 5396-6651 Facsimile: (21) 5396-6628	* US\$400,000	100.0%	10	June 2004	Imports and exports of power transmission products
TSUBAKI KABELSCHLEPP SHANGHAI CO., LTD. Rm. 701 Dongfang Road Pudong Shanghai People's Republic of China Telephone: (21) 6867-0511 Facsimile: (21) 6876-9456	US\$200,000	60.0%	10	November 2000	Imports and sales of cableveyors
TSUBAKI EMERSON GEAR (TIANJIN) CO., LTD.*  135 Dong Ting Road, Teda, Tianjin, 300457, People's Republic of China Telephone: (22) 2532-6410 Facsimile: (22) 2532-6421	RMB48,334,923	Tsubaki Emerson 52.2%	124	June 1990	Manufacture and sales of power transmission products
TSUBAKI EMERSON MACHINERY (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD. No. 4 Building, No. 1588 Gaotai Rd., Jiading Industrial Area, Shanghai People's Republic of China Telephone: (21) 6916-9305 Facsimile: (21) 6916-9308	* US\$1,200,000	Tsubaki Emerson 100.0%	22	July 2004	Manufacture and sales of power transmission products
TIANJIN DONGCHUN-TAIKI METAL FINISHING & CONVEYOR SYSTEM MANUFACTURING CO., LTD. Yang Cheng Zhuang Bridge 4, Southwest Side, Jinghal, Tianjin, 301617, People's Republic of China Telephone: (22) 6864-5848 Facsimile: (22) 6864-5849	US\$500,000	20.0%	135	January 2004	Manufacture and sales of materials handling systems
SHANGHAI DONGBO-TAIKI CONVEYOR SYSTEM MANUFACTURING CO., LTD. Room 908 Pine City Hotel, No. 8, Dong An Road Shanghai 20032 People's Republic of China Telephone: (21) 6443-0780 Facsimile: (21) 6443-9478	US\$900,000	20.0%	50	March 2005	Manufacture and sales of materials handling systems
TIANJIN TSUBAKIMOTO CONVEYOR SYSTEMS CO., LTD. Beichen District, Tianjin, 300400 People's Republic of China Telephone: (22) 2532-6410	RMB8,314,833	Tsubakimoto Bulk System 47.0%	41 S	August 1995	Manufacture and sales of bulk materials handling systems
KOREA CONVEYOR IND. CO., LTD.*  68B 7L, Namdong Industrial Estate, 627-3, Gojan-dong, Namdong-gu, Incheon, Republic of Korea Telephone: (32) 817-0160 Facsimile: (32) 819-9168	KRW1,200,000,000	49.0%	138	January 1970	Manufacture and sales of materials handling systems and conveyor chains
KOREA MAYFRAN CO., LTD. 72-1, Onsoo-dong, Kuro-ku, Seoul, Republic of Korea Telephone: (2) 2611-5886 Facsimile: (2) 686-2521	KRW600,000,000	Tsubakimoto Mayfran 37. Korea Conveyor 25	5%	October 1990	Manufacture and sales of chip conveyors

### **Board of Directors & Corporate Auditors / Executive Officers**

As of June 29, 2005



# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### Chairman and Representative Director Takashi Fukunaga

### President and Representative Director Tatsuhiko Mimoto

### Director

### Kimio Takakura

Global Best Development

Overall Support to the President

### Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer

### Makoto Kanehira

Development & Technology

Management of Technology (MOT)

Tsubaki Techno School

Chief Engineer

# Director and Managing Executive Officers

### Tadashi Ichikawa

Chain Division

Global Best Development

Kyotanabe Plant

### Toru Fujiwara

Automotive Parts Division *Global Best* Development Saitama Plant

### **Director and Executive Officers**

### Akira Morikiyo

Materials Handling Division Information & Physical

Distribution Systems

Global Best Development

### Isamu Osa

Management Planning

Human Resources Department

Finance

Osaka Office

### Director

Hidetoshi Yajima

### **Corporate Auditors**

Tadachi Yokoyama

Tatsuo Komatsu

Masaru Tokuda

Takafumi Watanabe

### **Managing Executive Officers**

### Hideo Miyazaki

Kyoto Plant

Hyogo Plant

President, Tsubaki Emerson Co.

### Yoshinobu Miyazaki

President, U.S. Tsubaki, Inc.

### Nobuhiko Miki

Compliance Administration

CSR Development

### **Senior Executive Officers**

### Tadasu Suzuki

Deputy General Manager, Automotive Parts Division

Engineering

Global Marketing Department

### Masato Kondo

Deputy General Manager, Chain Division

Chain Sales Operations

Tokyo Office

### **Executive Officers**

### Hiroshi Yanagase

Deputy General Manager, Materials Handling Division

**Automotive Handling Systems** 

Automotive Systems China Project

### Shigeya Tsubakimoto

Environmental Management Systems

Compliance Administration

### Yoshikazu Kitayama

President, Tsubakimoto Europe B.V.

### Tamio Miyamoto

Production, Materials Handling Division

### Jiro Baba

Western & Central Japan Sales

Assistant Manager, Global Marketing Department,

Automotive Parts Division

Nagoya Office

### Toshimitsu Sakai

Engineering Plastic Devices Department, Chain Division

### **Corporate Data**

As of March 31, 2005

### DATE OF FOUNDING

December 1917

DATE OF INCORPORATION

January 1941

**NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES** 

4,765 (consolidated)

1,722 (parent company only)

PAID-IN CAPITAL

¥17.077 million

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

¥71,634 million

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS** 

Shin Nihon & Co.

### INVESTOR INFORMATION

Common Stock

Authorized: 299,000 thousand shares

Issued: 191,406 thousand shares

**Stock Listings** 

Tokyo, Osaka, and Nagoya

### **Major Shareholders**

	1. The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd.	10.29
	2. Taiyo Life Insurance Company	8.57
	3. Nippon Life Insurance Company	7.75
	4. Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd.	6.25
	5. Toyota Motor Corporation	4.03
	6. Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	3.50
	7. The Bear Stearns Companies Inc.	2.65
	8. Kyoeikai Employee Stock	
	Ownership Association	2.35
	9. The Chuo Mitsui Trust	
	and Banking Company, Limited	2.22
1	IO LIFT Trust Bank Limited	2 00

### **Transfer Agent**

The Chuo Mitsui Trust and Banking Company, Limited 2-21, Kitahama 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka 541-0041, Japan

### **Composition of Shareholders**



# TSUBAKIMOTO CHAIN CO.

### **OFFICES AND PLANTS**

### Headquarters

Osaka Fukokuseimei Building, 7F, 2-4, Komatsubara-cho, Kita-ku, Osaka 530-0018, Japan Telephone: (06) 6313-3131 Facsimile: (06) 6313-3198 URL: www.tsubakimoto.jp

### Tokyo Office

Medical Friend Building, 2-4, Kudan-Kita 3-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 102-8186, Japan Telephone: (03) 3221-5611 Facsimile: (03) 3221-5639

### Nagoya Office

Daisho Building, 26-25, Meieki 4-chome, Nakamura-ku, Nagoya, Aichi 450-0002, Japan Telephone: (052) 571-8181 Facsimile: (052) 571-0915

### Osaka Office

Osaka Fukokuseimei Building, 7F, 2-4, Komatsubara-cho, Kita-ku, Osaka 530-0018, Japan Telephone: (06) 6313-3131

Facsimile: (06) 6315-6657

### **Kyotanabe Plant**

1-3, Kannabidai 1-chome,Kyotanabe, Kyoto 610-0380, JapanTelephone: (0774) 64-5001Facsimile: (0774) 64-5201Major products: Power transmission chains and conveyor chains

### Saitama Plant

20, Shinko, Hanno, Saitama 357-0022, Japan Telephone: (042) 973-1131 Facsimile: (042) 973-4252 Major products: Automotive parts and materials handling systems

### **Kyoto Plant**

1-1, Kotari-Kuresumi, Nagaokakyo, Kyoto 617-0833, Japan Telephone: (075) 954-1111 Facsimile: (075) 956-8456 Major products: Power transmission

units and components

### Hyogo Plant

1140, Asazuma-cho, Kasai, Hyogo 679-0181, Japan Telephone: (0790) 47-1515 Facsimile: (0790) 47-1593

Major products: Materials handling

equipment

### SALES OFFICES

Sendai, Omiya, Yokohama, Shizuoka, Toyota, Hokuriku (Kanazawa), Hiroshima, Kyushu (Fukuoka), and 9 other regional sales offices www.tsubakimoto.jp

